

Rural Community Assistance Corporation



Consolidated Financial Statements

with Supplementary Information Including Federal Government Reports and Findings

September 30, 2021 and 2020

The photos on the top are community members in Globe, AZ, and includes the Economic Development Director for the City of Globe, Linda Oddoneto. RCAC's Building Rural Economy (BRE) team conducted a "Recharge Our Community's Economy" (ROCE) workshop series to assist community members in identifying community economic development projects. The bottom left photo is a picture of some of the Graduates from the entrepreneurship training, "Native American Business Development – A Journey " in New Mexico funded through the Kellogg Foundation. The bottom right photo is a picture of Acoma Pueblo graduates of the Native American Business Development: A Journey (NABDAJ) workshop series funded by Kellogg.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Rural Community Assistance Corporation West Sacramento, California

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Rural Community Assistance Corporation (a nonprofit organization), as of September 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Rural Community Assistance Corporation as of September 30, 2021 and 2020, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, as well as the accompanying 15-Year History of Unrestricted and Temporarily Restricted Revenue, Gains, Expenses, and Net Asset Changes and Year-End Balances, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Mann, Urrutia, Nelson CPAS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2021, on our consideration of Rural Community Assistance Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Rural Community Assistance Corporation's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Rural Community Assistance Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sacramento, California December 21, 2021



RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021, AND 2020

ASSETS

	2021	2020
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents unrestricted (Notes 2 & 3) Cash and cash equivalents restricted (Notes 2 & 3) Investments unrestricted (Note 3) Investments restricted (Note 3) Receivables, prepaids & deposits (Note 7) Loans receivable - current portion (Note 5) Allowance for loan loss - current (Note 6) Land & property held for sale (Note 8)	\$ 63,156,120 22,834,025 323,819 291,557 6,289,046 40,730,078 (3,616,000) 225,000	5,836,418 33,986,245
Total current assets	130,233,645	72,218,745
Non-current assets:		
Loans receivable - non current portion (Note 5) Allowance for loan loss - non current (Note 6) Loans receivable - forgivable (Note 5) Other non-current assets (Notes 11 & 12) Land held for investment (Note 8) Land, building, & equipment, net accumulated depreciation (Note 8)	76,355,583 (4,299,000) 1,516,647 1,282,698 1,900,000 1,739,992	82,800,566 (4,272,000) 1,374,545 1,132,644 1,900,000 2,036,668
Total non-current assets	78,495,920	84,972,423
Total assets	\$ <u>208,729,565</u>	\$ <u>157,191,168</u>



RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2021, AND 2020

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

EIABIEITEG ARB RET AGGETG	2021	2020
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Grants payable (Note 2) Notes payable - current portion (Note 9) PPP loan - current portion (Note 9)	\$ 2,651,133 234,783 7,278,486 738,346	\$ 5,294,611 720,753 9,450,859
Total current liabilities	10,902,748	15,466,223
Notes payable - less current portion (Note 9) Bonds payable (Note 12) Deferred loans - forgivable (Note 5) PPP loan (Note 9) Other long-term liabilities (Notes 10 & 11)	113,459,002 1,300,000 1,516,647 922,932 404,637	86,464,103 2,030,000 1,374,545 - 361,764
Total long-term liabilities	117,603,218	90,230,412
Total liabilities	128,505,966	105,696,635
Net assets:		
Without donor restrictions: General unrestricted net assets Board designated fund Vector fund	4,503,696 30,700,000 5,000,000	3,718,069 29,100,000 -
Total net assets without donor restrictions	40,203,696	32,818,069
With donor restrictions: (Note 13) Time restricted-lending capital Purpose restricted-other	16,547,238 23,472,665	11,589,507 7,086,957
Total net assets with donor restrictions	40,019,903	18,676,464
Total net assets	80,223,599	51,494,533
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ <u>208,729,565</u>	\$ <u>157,191,168</u>



RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		ithout Donor Restrictions	_	With Donor Restrictions		Totals
Revenue:						
Grants and contracts	\$	15,388,323	\$	29,767,953	\$	45,156,276
Loan fees revenue		1,363,649		-		1,363,649
Loan servicing fees revenue		331,236		-		331,236
Interest on loans		4,058,293		1,297,107		5,355,400
Loss from partnerships		(81,281)		-		(81,281)
Investment income (Note 3)		19,343		228,181		247,524
Rental and other income		146,171		-		146,171
Net assets released from restrictions	_	9,949,802	_	(9,949,802)	_	
Total revenue	_	31,175,536	_	21,343,439	_	52,518,975
Expenses:						
Program expenses:						
Loan fund		5,918,628		-		5,918,628
Housing		3,224,961		-		3,224,961
Community & Environmental		8,867,873		-		8,867,873
Other	_	1,210,222	_		_	1,210,222
Total program expenses		19,221,684		-		19,221,684
Fundraising		249,168		-		249,168
Management & General		4,204,703		-		4,204,703
Rental operations	_	114,354	_		_	114,354
Total expenses	_	23,789,909	_		_	23,789,909
Increase in net assets		7,385,627		21,343,439		28,729,066
Net assets at September 30, 2020	_	32,818,069	_	18,676,464	_	51,494,533
Net assets at September 30, 2021	\$ <u>_</u>	40,203,696	\$_	40,019,903	\$_	80,223,599



RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		ithout Donor Restrictions		Vith Donor estrictions		Totals
Revenue:						
Grants and contracts	\$	15,713,223	\$	7,099,686	\$	22,812,909
Loan fees revenue		1,244,372		-		1,244,372
Loan servicing fees revenue		346,509		-		346,509
Interest on loans		3,465,631		1,289,778		4,755,409
Revenue from partnership		135,878		-		135,878
Investment income (Note 3)		45,708		229,719		275,427
Gain on sale of assets		122,874		-		122,874
Rental and other income		113,760		_		113,760
Net assets released from restrictions	_	4,722,386		(4,722,386)	_	-
Total revenue	_	25,910,341	_	3,896,797	_	29,807,138
Expenses:						
Program expenses:						
Loan fund		4,724,256		-		4,724,256
Housing		3,242,460		-		3,242,460
Community & Environmental		9,699,872		-		9,699,872
Other	_	1,330,857	_	<u>-</u>	_	1,330,857
Total program expenses		18,997,445		-		18,997,445
Fundraising		294,240		-		294,240
Management & General		3,689,790		-		3,689,790
Rental operations	_	139,374			_	139,374
Total expenses	_	23,120,849	_		_	23,120,849
Increase in net assets		2,789,492		3,896,797		6,686,289
Net assets at September 30, 2019	_	30,028,577	_	14,779,667	_	44,808,244
Net assets at September 30, 2020	\$_	32,818,069	\$	18,676,464	\$_	51,494,533



RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Program Expenses Community & Management & Rental Loan Fund Housing Environmental Other **Fundraising** General **Operations** Total Direct salaries (Note 2) \$ 1.200.349 \$ 1.465.248 \$ 4.885.881 \$ 491.811 \$ 159.404 \$ 2.141.234 \$ 25.203 \$ 10.369.130 Fringe benefits 548.414 669.325 2.229.870 227.245 73.032 991.066 11.639 4.750.591 Project specific expense-fringe benefits 808 808 Consultants 288.853 106.697 371,584 298,377 547.027 1,612,538 Consumable supplies 21.035 25.869 85.664 8.179 2.794 37.753 416 181.710 Project specific expense-supplies 1.333 394 58.080 (194)2.019 61.632 Telephone 28,695 35,505 118,449 11,797 3,879 53,363 602 252,290 Project specific expense - telephone 1,340 320 1.174 33 104 2,971 Postage 661 216 3.049 33 14.038 1.616 1,952 6,511 Project specific expense-postage 6.115 153 24.964 1.415 1.445 34.092 Office space (Note 2) 61,489 74,930 249,974 25,305 8,160 109,592 1,295 530,745 Equipment rental/maintenance 13,358 15,863 52,069 5,029 1,683 21,245 272 109,519 Printing & copying 102 137 34.805 2,447 1,656 39.147 Training costs 2.494 2.550 88.416 14.867 37.543 145.870 Travel 5.602 27.957 238.543 3.081 272.602 (2.581)Interest & bond expense (Note 12) 1,809,470 46,703 1,856,173 64,606 42,405 230,528 337,539 Depreciation Insurance 23.559 93.776 57.944 175.279 Dues & subscriptions 24.888 16.359 103.537 64.460 29.237 238.481 Conference registration & staff training 2.674 7.698 12,590 61.699 85.778 1.117 Provision for loan loss (Note 5) 1,375,000 1,375,000 420 3.996 Taxes, licenses, fees, and other 59.805 10.096 8.824 83.141 Bank service charges 17.043 18,935 40.165 4,187 Recruitment and advertising 24,247 24,247 Grants and pass-through awards 425,394 823,797 300,045 28,429 1,577,665 Contributions 1.620 1.500 6.000 9.120 Scholarship 48.949 4,217 53.166 Capitalization of eligible development costs (179,251)(179,251)Other building management 109,301 109,301 Owner occupancy allocated to office space (373,578)(373,578)5.918.628 3.224.961 8.867.873 1.210.222 249.168 4.204.703 114.354 23.789.909 Total direct expenses Indirect expenses allocated to programs 628,749 775,895 2,172,160 254,109 61,968 (3.892.881)

4,000,856

6,547,377

Total expenses

11,040,033

1,464,331

311,136

311,822

114,354

\$ 23,789,909



RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Program Expenses Community & Management & Rental Loan Fund Housing Environmental Other **Fundraising** General **Operations** Total Direct salaries (Note 2) \$ 1.225.290 \$ 1.428.265 \$ 4.746.946 \$ 376.261 \$ 187.128 \$ 1.948.669 \$ 26.602 9.939.161 Fringe benefits 531.630 619.495 2,064,922 161.060 82.842 847.446 11.327 4.318.722 Project specific expense-fringe benefits 374,523 374,523 Consultants 104.481 154.036 160,173 129.169 319.950 867,809 Consumable supplies 21.556 26.081 86.601 6.503 4.603 33.692 457 179.493 Project specific expense-supplies 155 1.170 55.179 (501)2.899 338 59.240 Telephone 24,603 93,577 7,686 3,443 39,076 567 197,139 28,187 Project specific expense - telephone 1,295 6,186 7,808 1,408 589 17,286 Postage 2.629 8,637 374 60 18.259 2.110 721 3.728 Project specific expense-postage 5.151 4,596 26.893 121 568 37,329 Office space (Note 2) 66,099 77,350 259,543 20,168 12,032 106,861 1,448 543,501 Equipment rental/maintenance 20,939 24,802 82,014 6,702 3,818 33,694 488 172,457 Printing & copying 433 12,627 36,245 1.383 50,688 Training costs 1.459 10.631 76.046 29.075 73.917 191.128 Travel 31.927 147.881 399.287 43.153 73.762 696.010 Interest & bond expense (Note 12) 1,408,832 67.827 1,476,659 63,232 248,216 332,131 Depreciation 20,683 Insurance 4.516 77.617 44.499 126.632 Dues & subscriptions 13.353 6.468 19.108 98.075 22.112 159.116 Conference registration & staff training 11.865 3,807 16,341 8.511 46.540 6.016 Provision for loan loss (Note 5) 1,200,000 1,200,000 2.564 Taxes, licenses, fees, and other 31.867 6.651 4.414 45.496 Bank service charges 15.695 758 21,583 38.036 Recruitment and advertising 25,433 25,553 120 Grants and pass-through awards 789.831 1,549,509 6,135 2,345,475 Contributions 1.000 1.500 42.999 45.499 Scholarship 113,443 10,923 124,366 Capitalization of eligible development costs (240.530)(240.530)Other building management 123,700 123,700 Owner occupancy allocated to office space (390,569)(390,569)4.724.256 3.242.460 9.699.872 1.330.857 294.240 3.689.790 139.374 23.120.849 Total direct expenses Indirect expenses allocated to programs 526,298 793,031 2,085,284 314,941 73,178 (3,792,732)

(102,942)

139,374

\$ 23,120,849

\$<u>11,785,156</u>

1,645,798

367,418

4.035,<u>491</u>

5,250,554

Total expenses



RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021, AND 2020

	2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from grants and contracts Interest and fees received Cash received/(paid) from/to partnership Cash premium received on sale of loan Cash received from rental and other activities Cash paid for operating expenses Interest paid	\$ 45,015,060 6,777,723 (81,281) - 146,172 (21,849,277) (1,809,470)	\$ 26,173,087 6,302,052 135,878 122,874 113,760 (19,275,678) (1,408,832)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	28,198,927	12,163,141
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Loans made to borrowers Principal receipts on loans receivable Purchases of investments Proceeds from sale of investments Purchases of property and equipment	(65,798,189) 65,499,338 204,083,126) 205,074,430 (40,863)	(70,583,055) 39,855,548 (35,946,027) 35,874,134 (138,571)
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	651,590	(30,937,971)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from notes payable Principal payments on notes payable Partial redemption of bonds payable	40,649,317 (15,826,791) (730,000)	40,243,901 (11,348,960)
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities	24,092,526	28,894,941
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	52,943,043	10,120,111
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	33,047,102	22,926,991
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ <u>85,990,145</u>	\$ <u>33,047,102</u>
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information		
Cash and cash equivalents, without donor restrictions Cash and cash equivalents, with donor restrictions	\$ 63,156,120 22,834,025	\$ 11,670,526 21,376,576
	\$ <u>85,990,145</u>	\$ <u>33,047,102</u>



NOTE 1: ORGANIZATION

Rural Community Assistance Corporation (RCAC) is a nonprofit organization founded in 1978. RCAC is a tax-exempt organization formed under 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and registered with the California Franchise Tax Board under Section 23701(d). RCAC has been classified as a public supported organization that is not a private foundation under Section 509(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The U.S. Treasury has certified RCAC as a Community Development Financial Institution (CDFI).

RCAC's Mission Statement:

RCAC provides training, technical and financial resources and advocacy so rural communities can achieve their goals and visions.

Core Values:

- Leadership: identifies innovative strategies to further rural community and economic development and inspires partners to achieve great outcomes.
- Collaboration: achieves superior results by respectfully and inclusively identifying partners.
- Commitment: works with passion and dedication to improve rural communities and the lives of their low-income residents.
- Quality: produces exceptional work products to help our partners meet their goals.
- Integrity: practices the highest professional standards and cultural competency in our work.

RCAC's Strategic Directions:

To support our local partners, RCAC will pursue the following strategic directions:

- Form regional collaborations to achieve economies of scale and take advantage of new opportunities.
- Ensure communities, and especially schools, have access to and increase consumption of safe drinking water.
- Expand the quantity and types of training available to rural communities and organizations.
- Diversify local nonprofit services to build more sustainable organizations.
- Enhance the skills of organizations that provide infrastructure, housing and other essential services in Indian Country.
- Provide development services to increase housing opportunities in rural communities.
- Increase access to affordable mortgages for rural organizations and residents.
- Build partnerships with local economic development organizations to expand small business lending.

Our work builds rural community organizations' capacity; strengthens rural communities; expands affordable housing and community facility availability; protects rural community health and environment through improved infrastructure (water, wastewater and solid waste); promotes economic opportunity and job creation through our economic development and leadership activities; and provides financing for community and economic development projects.



NOTE 1: ORGANIZATION (Continued)

RCAC's major program areas are affordable housing, environmental infrastructure, and lending. RCAC also offers programs in leadership development training and economic development. Core services are technical, managerial and financial assistance; development assistance; financial packaging; training; advocacy; and information exchange.

RCAC is a financial resource for rural communities. We work with rural water, wastewater and solid waste systems to make them sustainable. RCAC supports organizations that develop affordable single-and multifamily homes and operate programs that prepare rural residents for homeownership. RCAC also offers cross-cutting programs in leadership development training and economic development. Nearly all RCAC services are available to and have a priority to work with Tribes and Native communities. In addition, there are three programs designed specifically for Tribes.

RCAC serves rural communities in 13 western states and certain Pacific islands including Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington and Wyoming.

Related Organizations:

RCAC is a member of the GSAF, LLC. RCAC formed this consortium in March 2012, with three other nonprofit Community Development Financial Institutions (CDFIs). The State of California established the Golden State Acquisition Fund and will provide money to the fund through the Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD). The Golden State Acquisition Fund (state controlled) will provide \$23.25 million to GSAF, LLC. GSAF, LLC allows its members and other originating lenders to borrow funds for the purpose of making affordable housing loans through their respective loan funds. (*Note 9*). For the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, RCAC recognized \$11,594 and \$19,257, respectively, of interest expense to GSAF. No revenues were recognized in those fiscal years.

RCAC is the sole member of Rural Quality, LLC (RQLLC), a limited liability company created in September 2012 to provide affordable housing to low-income communities in Hawaii. The Rural Quality, LLC financial statement balances and activities are incorporated into the RCAC consolidated financial statements. Rural Quality, LLC had no revenue, and had expenses of \$5,219 in the year ended September 30, 2021, and no revenue, and had expenses of \$11,649 in the year ended September 30, 2020.

RCAC is the sole member of Rural Integrity, LLC (RILLC), a limited liability company created in January 2015 to provide affordable housing to low-income communities in Montana. Rural Integrity, LLC had \$8,189 in revenue, and expenses of \$28 in the year ended September 30, 2021. In addition, RILLC had \$17,085 in revenue consisting of \$10,039 Incentive management fee plus \$7,046 in annual distributions, and expenses of \$20,060 in asset management work. RILLC had \$113,015 in revenue and expenses of \$13,629 in the year ended September 30, 2020. RILLC also had \$11,344 in Asset management expenses in the year ended September 30, 2020.

RCAC and Housing Authority of Southeastern Utah are members of Wingate Village, LLC, a limited liability company created in September 2018 to provide affordable housing to low-income communities in Utah. Wingate Village Development, LLC had no revenue, and no expenses in the year ended September 30, 2021 and \$36,492 in revenue, and \$36,492 in expenses the year ended September 30, 2020.



NOTE 1: ORGANIZATION (Continued)

RCAC is the sole member of RCAC Meadow, LLC, a limited liability company created in January 2019 to provide affordable housing to low-income communities in Montana. RCAC Meadow, LLC had no revenue, and no expenses in the year ended September 30, 2021 and no revenue, and no expenses in the year ended September 30, 2020.

RCAC is the sole member of RCAC Maili, LLC a limited liability company created in January 2019 to provide affordable housing to low-income communities in Hawaii. RCAC Maili, LLC has no legal structure at this time and had no revenue, and expenses in the year ended September 30, 2021 and no revenue, and expenses in the year ended September 30, 2020.

Principles of Consolidation:

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of RCAC and the wholly owned entities Rural Quality, LLC, Rural Integrity, LLC, Wingate Village, LLC, RCAC Meadow, LLC, and RCAC Maili, LLC for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting Method:

The financial statements of RCAC have been prepared using the accrual method of accounting wherein revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

RCAC considers all financial instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments:

Investments are classified into the following categories:

- Available-for-sale securities, reported at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses included in revenue reported net of taxes.
- Held-to-maturity securities, which management has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity, reported at amortized cost, adjusted for the accretion of discounts and amortization of premiums.

Management determines the appropriate classification of its investments at the time of purchase and may only change the classification in certain limited circumstances. All transfers between categories are accounted for at fair value in the period which the transfer occurs.

Gains or losses on the sale of investment securities are computed on the specific identification method.



NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

An investment security is impaired when its carrying value is greater than its fair value. Investment securities evaluated for impaired on at least a quarterly basis and more frequently when economic or market conditions warrant an evaluation and determine whether a decline in their fair value is other than temporary. Management utilizes criteria such as the magnitude and duration of the decline and the intent and ability of RCAC to retain its investment in the securities for a period of time sufficient to allow for an anticipated recovery in fair value, in addition to the reasons underlying the decline, to determine whether the loss in value is other than temporary. The term "other than temporary" is not intended to indicate a decline is permanent, but indicates that the prospect for a near-term recovery of value is not necessarily favorable, or that there is a lack of evidence to support a realizable value equal to or greater than the carrying value of the investment. Once a decline in value is determined to be other than temporary, and management does not intend to sell the security or it is more likely than not that RCAC will not be required to sell the security before recovery, for debt securities, only the portion of the impairment loss representing credit exposure is recognized as a charge to earnings. If management intends to sell the security or it is more likely than not that RCAC will be required to sell the security before recovering its forecasted decline, the entire impairment loss is recognized as a charge to earnings.

Loans receivable:

RCAC issued loans to finance projects that serves a population that is 80% or less of the area median household income, i.e., low income. All loans that RCAC has the intent and ability to hold for the foreseeable future or until maturity or payoff, are reported at the principal balance outstanding, net of deferred loan fees and costs, and an allowance for loan losses. Interest will be calculated based on a 360-day year, actual days elapsed for interest only loans, on the basis of 30 days per month and 360 days per year for amortized loans. RCAC's fees include loan origination fees, document fees, real estate tax monitoring, loan commitment extension, loan extension, loan restructure fees and late payment penalty fees. If a loan is 90 days delinquent, interest income is discontinued and the loan is moved to non-accrual status unless the loan is well-secured and in the process of full collection. Past due status is based on the contractual terms of the loan. Payments received on non-accrual loans are first applied to reduce principal to the extent necessary to ensure collection. Loans are returned to accrual status when all the principal and accrued interest contractually due are brought current, future payments are reasonably assured and payments are maintained current for a minimum of six months.

Allowance for Loan Loss:

The allowance for loan loss is a valuation allowance for probable uncollectible loans. This allowance is established through a provision for loan loss which is charged to expense. Loans deemed uncollectible are charged against the allowance. Cash received on previously charged off amounts is recorded as a recovery to the allowance. The overall allowance consists of two primary components: specific reserves related to impaired loans and general reserves for non-impaired loans.



NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The non-impaired portion of the allowance is calculated based on risk ratings assigned to each loan which is reviewed every quarter. The risk status and ratings are as follows:

Acceptable	0 - 4%
Special mention	4 - 6%
Substandard	6 - 10%
Doubtful	10 - 25%
Default or workout	25 - 100%
Loss	100%

A loan is considered to be impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that RCAC will be unable to collect all amounts due, including principal and interest, according to the contractual terms of the original agreement. Loans determined to be impaired are individually evaluated for impairment. Loans that experience insignificant payment delays and payment shortfalls generally are not classified as impaired. When a loan is impaired, RCAC measures impairment based on the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's original contractual interest rate, except that as a practical expedient, it may measure impairment based on a loan's observable market price, or the fair value of the collateral, if the loan is collateral dependent. A loan is collateral dependent if the repayment of the loan is expected to be provided solely through the sale of the underlying collateral.

Although management believes the allowance to be adequate, ultimate losses may vary from its estimate. At least quarterly, the Board of Directors reviews the adequacy of the allowance, including consideration of the relative risks in the loan portfolio, current economic conditions, and other factors. See Note 6.

Building and Equipment:

RCAC records building and equipment at cost and depreciates cost over the estimated useful life of the related asset. RCAC follows the practice of capitalizing all expenditures for building and equipment in excess of \$5,000. Costs of repairs and maintenance are charged to expense. Upon retirement or disposal of property and equipment, the costs and related depreciation are removed from the accounts, and gains or losses, if any, are reflected in the earnings for financial and income tax reporting purposes. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method for financial statement reporting purposes. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Useful Life
Building	30 years
Office building improvements	3 - 23 years
Solar power production system	20 years
Office furniture, equipment, and software	3 - 10 years



NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets:

RCAC reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. Recoverability of these assets is determined by comparing the forecasted undiscounted net cash flows of the operation to which the assets relate to the carrying amount. If RCAC determines it is unable to recover the carrying amount of an asset, that asset is written down to fair value. Fair value is determined based on discounted cash flows or appraised values, depending on the nature of the assets. There were no impairment losses recognized for building and equipment for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

Accrued compensated absences:

Vacation is paid upon separation of service. Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are recognized as liabilities included in accrued expenses on the consolidated balance sheets. RCAC had a total of \$740,056 and \$684,796 in accrued compensated absences as of September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Grants Payable:

Grants payable includes amounts owed as of September 30, 2021 and 2020 to grantees under the Homeownership Counseling Program and the State of California's Integrated Regional Water Management program. These funds will be disbursed to grantees based on progress made on their projects.

Net Assets Presentation:

The net assets accounts of RCAC are maintained in accordance with the principles customary for non-profit organizations. This includes allocating resources for operational activities in accordance with specified activities or objectives as directed by donor or grantor requirements or as determined by the Board of Directors, if not otherwise directed. For financial statement purposes, all financial transactions are reported by the following net asset categories as prescribed for non-profit organizations by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB).

- <u>Net assets without donor restrictions</u> Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and are available for general operations.
 - Board designated fund -This fund is comprised of surpluses from operations set aside for lending and development along with grants received for the same purpose. RCAC's Board of Directors determine the amount added to this fund annually.



NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

• Net assets with donor restrictions - Net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature that may or will be met, either by actions of RCAC and/or the passage of time. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Revenue Recognition:

All contributions are considered available for RCAC's general programs unless specifically restricted by the donor. Amounts received that are designed for future periods or restricted by the donor are reported as revenue with donor restrictions and increase the respective class of net assets. Contributions received with donor restrictions that are met in the same reporting period are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions. Investments income that is limited to specific uses by donor restrictions is reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions if the restrictions are met in the same reporting period as the income is recognized.

Contract and grant revenues are recognized as the related services are provided. Payments under such contracts are generally received on a cost-reimbursement basis. Donations and other revenues are recognized when received or unconditionally promised.

Loan Origination Revenue and Expense:

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require loan fees (revenue) charged in the lending process be deferred and recognized over the life of the loan as an adjustment of yield (interest revenue). Likewise, direct loan origination costs (expenses) shall be deferred and recognized as a reduction in the yield (revenue) of the loan. Loan origination fees and related direct loan origination costs for a given loan shall be offset and only the net amount shall be deferred and amortized.

RCAC recognizes loan origination fees as revenue when the loan closes, usually defined as when loan proceeds are initially disbursed. RCAC recognizes loan origination costs as expenses as they are incurred.

This treatment approximates the effect of capitalizing and amortizing the net amount over the life of the loan, yet is less costly to administer. RCAC believes any difference in the accounting treatment for loan origination fees and their related costs is not material to the financial statements.

Loan and Performance Guarantee Fees:

Revenue from loan guarantees and performance guarantees issued by RCAC is recognized over the original life of the guarantee.



NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Matching Funds:

In fiscal year 2021 and 2020, certain activities funded by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, the U.S. Department of Commerce, the U.S. Department of U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and the U.S. Department of the Treasury required cost sharing (matching funds) from other sources. RCAC is in compliance with matching requirements.

Below-Market Interest Rate Loans:

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require not-for-profit organizations to record interest expense and contribution revenue in connection with loans payable that are interest free or that have below-market interest rates. Likewise, money lent (loans receivable) at below-market interest rates should result in imputed interest revenue and contribution expense.

Interest rates on loans payable are disclosed in Note 9. Interest rates on loans receivable are disclosed in Note 5. RCAC believes the benefits derived from below-market-rate loans received are passed through to the borrowers via below-market-rate loans made. Therefore, RCAC does not recognize an imputed contribution for low interest loans received nor an imputed contribution expense for low interest loans made.

Rental Operations:

RCAC owns the building that houses its corporate offices in West Sacramento, California. RCAC occupies the majority of the building space and leases the other portion to tenants. The expenses related to the ownership and management of the building are shown on the consolidated statement of functional expenses under the heading rental operations. The owner occupied portion of the building ownership and management expenses are subtracted from the total building expenses to arrive at the rental operation expense. The expense of providing office space to RCAC staff, whether through rental arrangements or through the owner occupied building, is reported as office space.

Functional Allocation of Expenses and Indirect Costs:

The costs of providing various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of functional expenses. Fringe benefits, consumable supplies, telephone, postage, office space, and equipment rental/maintenance were allocated based on monthly activity, based on salary expense.

Each funding source of direct expenses was charged its proportionate share of indirect costs based on adjusted direct costs. Adjusted direct costs were computed as total direct costs, less expenses for contributions, bank service charges, interest, provision for loan loss, rental operations, scholarships, and the portion of each sub-award in excess of \$25,000. Expenditures for capital items are not included in direct costs. RCAC's indirect cost rates based on this methodology were 26.87% and 24.63% for the years ended September 30, 2021, and 2020 respectively. RCAC negotiated an indirect Cost Negotiation Agreement with the U.S. Government. That agreement established a predetermined indirect cost recovery rate of 24.87% for both fiscal years.



NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Direct Salaries:

The direct salaries, as listed in the consolidated statement of functional expenses, are the cost of salaries charged directly to revenue centers for activities performed. Salary expense incurred for paid time off, including vacation and sick leave, and paid holidays is included in the fringe benefit expense.

Uncertain Tax Positions:

Accounting guidance issued by Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. RCAC did not have unrecognized tax benefits as of September 30, 2021 and 2020 and does not expect this to change significantly over the next twelve months. RCAC will recognize interest and penalties accrued on any unrecognized tax benefits as a component of income tax expense. As of September 30, 2021 and 2020, RCAC has not accrued interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions. Federal and state income tax returns of RCAC are subject to examination by the taxing authorities, generally for four years, after the date the returns are filed.

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in these financial statements and accompanying notes. The more significant areas requiring the use of management estimates are the allowances for uncollectible receivables, loan losses, and useful lives of buildings and equipment for depreciation. Actual results could differ from those estimates, although management does not believe that any differences would materially affect RCAC's financial position or reported results.

Subsequent Events:

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the Independent Auditor's Report, the date which the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.

Management concluded no material subsequent events have occurred since September 30, 2021 which require recognition in the consolidated financial statements.



NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements:

ASU 2018-13 - Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement.

ASU 2018 removes certain disclosure requirements, including the valuation process for Level 3 fair value measurements, and adds certain quantitative disclosures around Level 3 fair value measurements. This ASU is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within that reporting period, with early adoption permitted. The provisions of ASU 2018-13 are required to be adopted retrospectively, with the exception of disclosure of the range and weighted average of significant unobservable inputs used to develop Level 3 measurements, which can be adopted prospectively. RCAC adopted ASU 2018-13 as of October 1, 2020. The standard had no material impact on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

Future Accounting Pronouncements:

ASU 2016-02 - Leases (Topic 842):

Under the new guidance, a lessee will be required to recognize assets and liabilities for leases with a term of more than 12 months. Unlike current GAAP, which requires only capital leases to be recognized on the balance sheet, ASU No. 2016-02 will require both operating and finance leases to be recognized on the balance sheet. Additionally, the ASU will require disclosures to help investors and other financial statement users better understand the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases, including qualitative and quantitative requirements. The new requirements are effective for RCAC's September 30, 2023 year-end. Management has not yet determined the impact of this accounting standard on RCAC's operations or cash flows.

ASU 2020-07 Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets:

The purpose of the ASU 2020-07 is to clarify the presentation and disclosure of contributed nonfinancial assets with an intention to provide the reader of the financial statements a clearer understanding of what type of nonfinancial assets were received and how they are used and recognized by RCAC. It is important to note that the ASU 2020-07 will not change the accounting and recognition of nonfinancial assets but rather the presentation and disclosure requirements in the financial statements. ASU 2020-07 should be applied on a retrospective basis and effective for annual periods beginning after June 15, 2021, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after June 15, 2022, with early adoption permitted.



NOTE 3: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash, cash equivalents and investments consist of the following at September 30:

	20)21	2020			
	Fair Market Cost Value		Cost	Fair Market Value		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>85,990,145</u>	\$ <u>85,990,145</u>	\$ 33,047,102	\$ 33,047,102		
Investments: Certificates of deposit U.S. Government and agencies Other investments	374,387 3,608 120,922	374,387 10,829 230,160	373,696 2,174 360,307	373,696 9,737 1,008,547		
Total investments	498,917	615,376	736,177	1,391,980		
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ <u>86,489,062</u>	\$ <u>86,605,521</u>	\$ <u>33,783,279</u>	\$ <u>34,439,082</u>		

Restrictions on cash, cash equivalents and investments:

Certain bank and investment accounts contain restrictions and access to the accounts require either the permission of other entities, or the funds are limited to specific uses. The controlling other entity and the account fair values at September 30, are as follows:

	2021			2020				
		Cash	Inv	vestments	_	Cash	<u>In</u>	vestments
CA State Water Resource Board California Endowment Compass Bank First Republic Bank Ford Foundation Joe Serna Rasmuson Foundation Stewart Title U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Commerce U.S. Department of the Treasury U.S. Small Business Administration Union Bank (Note 12)	\$	450,683 2,394,186 2,839,926 - 756,323 - 527,379 304,497 7,497,104 269,146 7,539,962 7,884 246,935	\$	- 50,668 - 240,889 - - - - - -	\$	448,863 1,483,761 2,993,694 - 1,602,324 - 75,034 304,499 5,994,525 269,146 7,358,417 7,883 838,430	\$	- 466 - 50,525 578 1,015,220 23 - 1,273 - -
Total restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ <u>_</u>	22,834,025	\$ <u></u>	291,557	\$ <u></u>	21,376,576	\$ <u> </u>	1,068,085



NOTE 3: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

In addition to the above restrictions on various bank and investment accounts, RCAC has obtained loans and has solicited charitable contributions for specific purposes. The cash and investments related to these loans and contributions are not formally restricted, but RCAC considers the use of such proceeds limited to the purpose for which they were obtained. Loans obtained for lending capital, as listed in Note 9, and charitable contributions that retain restrictions, as listed in Note 13, have such limited uses.

Total Return on Cash Balances and Investments:

Total return on cash and investments for the years ended September 30:

		2021		2020	
Dividends and interest Without donor restrictions With donor restrictions	\$	19,087 11,203	\$	45,281 108,493	
Total Dividends and Interest		30,290		153,774	
Net Realized Gains (Losses) Without donor restrictions With donor restrictions		1,131 522		1,192 3,734	
Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses) Without donor restrictions With donor restrictions		(875) 216,456	_	(765) 117,492	
Total return on cash and investments	\$	247,524	\$	275,427	



NOTE 3: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Fair Value Measurement of Investments:

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) establishes a framework for measuring fair value under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value and specifies disclosure requirements for fair value measurement. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that RCAC has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include: quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
- If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.
- Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value of measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

- Level 1: Commercial paper, corporate medium term notes, U.S. Government and agencies, and other investments. (Valued at lower of cost or market).
- Other investments (value based on comparable sales in active markets).
- Level 2: Certificate of deposits (value based on investments measured at net asset value that are redeemable at the reporting date).
- Level 3: Land held for investment and other investments (value based on comparable investments in active markets discounted due to an inactive market).



NOTE 3: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be as indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while RCAC believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, RCAC's investments at fair value as of September 30, 2021:

	 oted Prices Level 1)	0	ignificant Other bservable uts (Level 2)	Ur	Significant observable uts (Level 3)		Total Fair Value
Certificates of deposit Land held for investment U.S. Government and Agencies Other investments	\$ - - 10,829 230,160	\$	374,387 - - -	\$	- 1,900,000 - -	\$	374,387 1,900,000 10,829 230,160
Total investments at fair value	\$ 240,989	\$	374,387	\$	1,900,000	\$_	2,515,376

During the year ending September 30, 2021, RCAC sold no land and property held for sale.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, RCAC's investments at fair value as of September 30, 2020:

Quoted Prices (Level 1)		0	ignificant Other bservable <u>uts (Level 2)</u>	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			Total Fair Value	
Certificates of deposit Land held for investment U.S. Government and Agencies Other investments	\$	- - 9,737 1,008,547	\$	373,696 - - -	\$	- 1,900,000 - -	\$	373,696 1,900,000 9,737 1,008,547
Total investments at fair value	\$	1,018,284	\$	373,696	\$	1,900,000	\$_	3,291,980

During the year ending September 30, 2020, RCAC sold no land and property held for sale.



NOTE 4: LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY

The following tables show the total financial assets held by RCAC and the amounts of those financial assets that could readily be made available within one year of the balance sheet date to meet general expenditures. Those amounts as of September 30 are as follows:

	2021	2020
Financial assets at year-end		
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Grants & contracts receivables, net Interest receivable Investments convertible to cash in the next 12 months	\$ 85,990,145 444,357 4,779,131 913,797 615,375	
Total financial assets at year-end	\$ <u>92,742,805</u>	\$ <u>39,411,349</u>
Financial assets available to meet general expenditures over the next 12 months:		
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Grants & contracts receivables, net Interest receivable Investments not encumbered by donor or board restrictions	\$ 11,470,706 444,357 4,779,131 913,797 615,375	
Total financial assets available to meet general expenditures over the next 12 months:	\$ <u>18,223,366</u>	\$ <u>18,032,433</u>

RCAC regularly monitors the availability of resources required to meet its operating needs and other contractual commitments, while also striving to maximize the investment of its available funds. RCAC strives to maintain liquid financial assets to cover 90 days expenditures. Financial assets in excess of daily cash requirements are invested according to RCAC's investment policy.

RCAC has a line of credit available to meet short-term needs. See Note 9 for information about this arrangement.

NOTE 5: LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable represent short-term and long-term loans made to non-profit organizations, small businesses, individuals and governmental entities including Native American tribal entities. Loans support the development of affordable housing; community facilities; water, wastewater, and solid waste systems; small businesses and non-profit operating lines of credit.



NOTE 5: LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

Loans receivable as of September 30, 2021 and 2020 were composed of the following:

	2	.021	2020			
	Number of Loans	Loans Receivable	Number of Loans	Loans Receivable		
Grouped by principal due dates Current receivables						
Loans more than 90 days past due Other loans due within 12 months Current portion of amortizing loans	10 <u>46</u>	\$ 5,781,566 31,651,802 3,296,710	4 <u>40</u>	\$ 855,086 29,682,760 3,448,399		
Loans receivable current portion	<u>56</u>	40,730,078	<u>44</u>	33,986,245		
Non-current receivables Non-amortizing						
Loans due in one to five years Loans due, more than five, less than	32	27,001,095	37	31,349,218		
ten years Loans due in more than ten years	3 3	99,600 885,574	6 1	612,011 100,000		
Amortizing Principal due in one to five years Principal due in five to ten years Principal due in more than ten years	<u>465</u>	13,978,071 12,196,748 22,194,495	<u>383</u>	19,860,196 10,902,194 19,976,947		
Loans receivable non-current portion	<u>503</u>	76,355,583	<u>427</u>	82,800,566		
Total loans receivable	<u>559</u>	\$ <u>117,085,661</u>	<u>471</u>	\$ <u>116,786,811</u>		
Weighted average maturity (in months)		<u>100</u>		<u>93</u>		



NOTE 5: LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

	2	021	2020			
	Number of	Loans	Number of	Loans		
	Loans	Receivable	Loans	Receivable		
Grouped by type of project and security						
Low income housing - real estate secured	51	\$ 46,909,258	50	\$ 51,158,655		
Low income housing - other security	4	3,018,824	5	2,713,374		
Community facilities - real estate secured	31	19,405,880	32	22,007,464		
Community facilities - other security	6	469,106	10	5,741,067		
Water/wastewater/solid waste systems	228	16,926,432	231	9,387,824		
Small business loans	237	30,354,286	141	25,777,488		
Nonprofit operating lines of credit	<u>2</u>	<u> 1,875</u>	<u>2</u>	939		
Total loans receivable	<u>559</u>	<u>559</u> \$ <u>117,085,661</u>		\$ <u>116,786,811</u>		
	2021		_	2020		
	Number of		Number			
	Loans	Receivable	Loans	<u>Receivable</u>		
Grouped by interest rate						
Interest free	5	\$ 1,827,218	3 6	\$ 1,835,421		
1%	333	20,468,148		16,059,689		
2.00%-2.99%	3	755,314		269,337		
3.00%-3.99%	40	3,552,67	1 26	332,869		
4.00%-4.99%	25	28,640,349	9 20	20,197,582		
5.00%-5.99%	124	59,114,962	2 135	73,135,434		
6.00%-6.99%	10	1,269,06	1 13	1,843,480		
7.00%-9.50%	<u>19</u>	1,457,938	<u>17</u>	3,112,999		
Total loans receivable	<u>559</u>	\$ <u>117,085,66</u>	<u>1 471</u>	\$ <u>116,786,811</u>		
Weighted average interest rate		<u>4.18%</u>		<u>4.49%</u>		



NOTE 5: LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

A portion of the above portfolio has been identified as loans that need to be monitored more frequently for signs of deterioration in respect to RCAC loan standards. The Criticized Asset loans are grouped into the following three categories:

	20	021	20	020
	Number of Loans	Loans Receivable	Number of Loans	Loans Receivable
Doubtful Substandard Special mention	3 2 =	\$ 7,450,895 317,949 	3 4 <u>1</u>	\$ 2,022,376 1,027,023 5,557,871
Total criticized asset loans	<u>5</u>	\$ <u>7,768,844</u>	<u>8</u>	\$ <u>8,607,270</u>
Percent of total loan receivable portfolio		<u>7%</u>		<u>7%</u>
Related allowance for loan loss		\$ <u>1,334,835</u>		\$ <u>1,430,933</u>
Total allowance for loan loss		\$ <u>7,915,000</u>		\$ <u>6,540,000</u>
Percent of total allowance for loan loss		17%		22%

Non-accrual loans:

As of September 30, 2021, RCAC had one loan on non-accrual status with a balance of \$175,862 and no loans on non-accrual status as of September 30, 2020.

As of September 30, 2021, RCAC had \$16,127 interest income foregone from loans on non-accrual status. No interest income foregone from the loans on non-accrual status for September 30, 2020.



NOTE 5: LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

Loans Receivable-Forgivable

RCAC has provided forgivable loans to individual households experiencing drought-related drinking water emergencies or threatened emergencies, and septic system emergencies. They will have access to clean drinking water and adequate sanitation to protect public health. The conditions of these loans require that ownership of a real estate is continued by specific parties for a period of 10 years. When possible, RCAC secures performance via a lien on real estate. The liens enable RCAC to recover the amount of the loan if the use of the real estate is altered or ownership is transferred. RCAC expects the loan recipients to perform per the conditions of the loan. Some loans will be forgiven 10% every year and some loans will be forgiven 100% after five years. The amounts of outstanding forgivable loans as of September 30 were:

	20	2021		020
	Number of Forgivable Loans	Amount	Number of Forgivable Loans	Amount
Forgivable loans	<u>79</u>	\$ <u>1,516,647</u>	<u>68</u>	\$ <u>1,374,545</u>

NOTE 6: ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSS

An allowance for loan loss is increased by charges to income and decreased by charge-offs (net of recoveries). Management assigns a risk rating in every outstanding loan at loan origination. The rating is reviewed and, if necessary, adjusted not less than quarterly. Based on the risk rating, each loan is assigned a percentage based on loan loss experience and the perceived future risk of loan loss. The percentage is applied to the outstanding loan balance and their product is used to determine the appropriate level of the allowance.



NOTE 6: ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSS (Continued)

Allowance for loan loss as of September 30, are as follows:

	_	2021	_	2020
Beginning of year Additions to allowance	\$_	6,540,000 1,375,000	\$_	5,340,000 1,200,000
Allowance for loan losses	\$_	7,915,000	\$_	6,540,000
Allowance/loans receivable		6.76%		5.60%
Consisting of allowance for:				
Current loans receivable Noncurrent loans receivable	\$_	3,616,000 4,299,000	\$_	2,268,000 4,272,000
Total allowance for loan loss	\$_	7,915,000	\$_	6,540,000

RCAC expensed \$1,375,000 and \$1,200,000 to provision for loan loss during the fiscal years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

There was no other activity in the allowance for loan loss during the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

In addition to the allowance for loan loss, the following pools of loans have special primary coverage of potential loan losses as of September 30:

	2021				
		Loans receivable		rimary loss coverage	Coverage/loan Receivable Ratio
Name of loan/guarantee program					
USDA Community Facility or Business & Industry guarantee HUD Title VI guarantee	\$	5,557,871 191,336	\$	3,757,359 181,769	67.60% 95.00%
State of California Small Business Credit Initiative guarantee Small Business Administration guarantee Bureau of Indian Affairs guarantee	_	286,184 15,023,048 1,344,834	_	228,947 14,885,239 1,210,350	80.00% 99.08% <u>90.00%</u>
Total loans with guarantees	\$_	22,403,273	\$_	20,263,664	90.45%



NOTE 6: ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSS (Continued)

	2020						
		Loans receivable	P	rimary loss coverage	Coverage/loan Receivable Ratio		
Name of loan/guarantee program							
USDA Community Facility or Business & Industry guarantee HUD Title VI guarantee State of California Small Business Credit Initiative	\$	5,557,871 239,412	\$	3,757,359 227,442	67.60% 95.00%		
guarantee Small Business Administration guarantee		298,371 9,943,074		238,697 9,798,247	80.00% 98.54%		
Bureau of Indian Affairs guarantee	_	3,081,125		1,725,409	<u>56.00%</u>		
Total loans with guarantees	\$_	19,119,853	\$_	15,747,154	<u>82.36%</u>		

RCAC is a participant in the Community Advantage (CA) Pilot Program Loan Guaranty Agreement with the Small Business Administration (SBA). Under the terms of the SBA CA program, the SBA provides a guaranty under its 7(a) loan program covering risk of loss against approved loans meeting program requirements. The Guaranty covers 85% of loans originated for less than \$150,000 and 75% guaranty for loans greater than \$15,000 and less than \$250,000. The maximum interest rate allowable under these loans is prime rate plus 6 percent. The SBA CA program requires the establishment of loan reserves equal to at least 5% of the unguaranteed portion of the SBA CA portfolio. At September 30, 2021 and 2020, RCAC was in compliance with all compliance requirements.

NOTE 7: RECEIVABLES, PREPAIDS, AND DEPOSITS:

Receivables, prepaids, and deposits as of September 30, were composed of the following:

		2021		2020
Accounts receivable	\$	444,357	\$	281,439
Grants & contracts receivable, net		4,779,131		4,082,418
Interest receivable		913,797		608,410
Prepaids, deposits, & other	_	151,761	_	864,151
Total receivables, prepaids and deposits	\$_	6,289,046	\$_	5,836,418

The grants & contract receivable amounts are net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$45,000 and \$45,000 as of September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.



NOTE 8: LAND, BUILDING, AND EQUIPMENT

Land, building, and equipment was composed of the following at September 30, 2021:

	_	September 30, 2020		Additions		Deletions		September 30, 2021
Land (office building)	\$	427,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	427,000
Office building improvements		4,485,848		- (222 = 22)		-		4,485,848
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(3,089,173)		(230,528)		-		(3,319,701)
Equipment and software		849,787		40,863		-		890,650
Less: Accumulated depreciation	_	(636,794)	_	(107,011)	_		_	(743,805)
Total land, building & equipment	\$ <u>_</u>	2,036,668	\$_	(296,676)	\$_		\$ <u>_</u>	1,739,992

Land, building, and equipment was composed of the following at September 30, 2020:

	_;	September 30, 2019	_	Additions		Deletions		September 30, 2020
Land (office building)	\$	427,000	\$	-	\$	_	\$	427,000
Office building improvements		4,480,138		5,710		-		4,485,848
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(2,840,957)		(248,216)		-		(3,089,173)
Equipment and software		716,926		132,861		-		849,787
Less: Accumulated depreciation	_	(552,879)	_	(83,915)	_		_	(636,794)
Total land, building & equipment	\$_	2,230,228	\$_	(193,560)	\$_		\$_	2,036,668

Depreciation expense for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 was \$337,539 and \$332,131, respectively.

Land and property held for sale included the following at September 30:

	2021		2020		Additions (Deletions)	
Land in Pinetop, Arizona, valued at	\$_	225,000	\$_	225,000	\$	
Land held for investment included the following at Septer	mber	30:				
		2021		2020	Additions (Deletions)	
Undeveloped lots in Waianae, Hawaii, valued at	\$_	1,900,000	\$_	1,900,000	\$	



NOTE 9: NOTES PAYABLE

Notes payable consisted of the following at September 30:

	Interest Rate	Maturity	2021	2020
Align Impact American Express National Bank Bank of America Bank of America-CF Relending Collateral Bank of the West	2.00 % 2.50 % 3.00 % 1.00 % 2.00 %	Feb 2024 Aug 2026 June 2026 Jan 2025 Aug 2027	\$ 250,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 1,977,811 1,500,000	\$ - 2,000,000 2,472,264 1,500,000
BDS 2012 Qualified Annuity Trust-PPP	0.00% <i>-</i> 0.50%	Sept 2022	-	1,500,000
BDS 2012 Qualified Annuity Trust BSW Wealth Partners Caitlin D. Sargent 2004 Revocable Trust California Bank & Trust-COIN California Bank & Trust-PPP California Coalition for Rural Housing California Endowment California Wellness Foundation	2.50 % 2.00 % 2.50 % 0.00 % 1.00 % 2.75 % 0.00 % 2.00 %	Mar 2026 Mar 2024 Mar 2024 Aug 2019 May 2023 Jan 22 Mar 2032 Dec 2025	2,000,000 500,000 1,000,000 - 1,661,278 1,500,000 11,700,000 1,000,000	- - 500,000 - - 11,700,000
California Wellness Foundation-PPP	0.00% - 0.50%	July 2022	-	1,000,000 1,000,000
Charles Schwab Bank - \$10 million line of credit	LIBOR reference rate plus 2.50	Sept 2025	5,000,000	5,000,000
Charles Schwab Bank - \$25 million line of credit -PPP	0.00% - 0.75%	June 2023	14,315,836	1,500,000
Christensen Fund CIT Bank, N.A.	2.00 % 2.75 %	Aug 2027 April 2026	230,000 3,500,000	250,000 -
Common Spirit Health Operating Investment Pool, LLC	2.50 %	Sept 2024	500,000	-
Common Spirit Health Operating Investment Pool, LLC	2.50 %	May 2028	1,000,000	-
Community Economics Community Housing Opportunities Corporation	0.00 % 1.50 %	Various Jan 2023	150,000 2,593,220	150,000 2,593,220
Compass Bank (BBVA) Delsar LLC Dignity Health Dominican Sisters of Hope	2.75 % 2.50 % 2.50 % 2.00 %	Jan 2029 Apr 2026 Sept 2024 June 2023	6,000,000 1,000,000 - 50,000	6,000,000 - 500,000 50,000
First Foundation Bank First Republic Bank Ford Foundation GSAF, LLC (Note 1)	3.00 % 2.75 % 1.00 % 2.00 %	Dec 2021 May 2023 Feb 2022 Dec 2029	248,738 3,000,000 1,000,000 459,587	248,738 3,000,000 2,000,000 947,087



NOTE 9: NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

	Interest Rate	Maturity	2021	2020
Housing California	2.50 %	Various	300,000	300,000
Isenberg Family Charitable Foundation-PPP	0.00% - 0.50%	July 2022	-	3,000,000
Isenberg Family Charitable Foundation Jewish Community Federation of San	2.00 %	Aug 2030	50,000	50,000
Francisco, the Peninsula, Marin and Sonoma Counties	2.00 %	Various	569,625	-
JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.ACOIN	0.00 %	Sept 2021	<u>-</u>	1,000,000
Mechanics Banks	2.66 %	Aug 2024	2,000,000	2,000,000
Mercy Investment Services, Inc.	3.00 %	June 2022	1,000,000	1,000,000
Merrick Bank Corporation	2.50 %	Sept 2022	1,000,000	750,000
National Housing Law Project	2.75 %	Mar 2023	200,000	200,000
Natural Investments, LLC	2.00% - 2.75%	Various	2,332,000	-
NorthStar Asset Management, Inc.	2.00 %	Various	905,000	-
Olamina Fund LLC	3.00 %	Sept 2024	3,000,000	3,000,000
Opportunity Finance Network	3.00 %	Sept 2024	1,363,637	1,818,182
Opportunity Finance Network - Google Endeavor LLC	3.00 %	May 2030	5,000,000	-
Oregon Community Foundation	3.00 %	June 2026	1,000,000	1,000,000
Providence St. Joseph Health System	3.00 %	June 2023	1,000,000	1,000,000
Rasmuson Foundation	1.00%	Dec 2024	1,250,000	1,250,000
Religious Communities Investment Fund	2.75 %	July 2024	350,000	350,000
Sachs (Erich & Hannah) Foundation	2.75 %	Mar 2022	500,000	500,000
Santa Fe Community Foundation	2.00 %	Mar 2027	250,000	250,000
Satterberg Foundation-PPP	0.00% - 0.50%	Sept 2022	-	1,000,000
Satterberg Foundation	2.50 %	Mar 2026	1,000,000	-
Self-Help Enterprises	2.50 %	Mar 2026	1,250,000	-
Sisters of Charity - Incarnate Word	2.00 %	July 2024	-	250,000
Sisters of St. Francis of Philadelphia	1.00 %	Oct 2022	50,000	50,000
Sisters of the Holy Cross	3.00 %	Sept 2020	-	200,000
Sisters of the Holy Names of Jesus and Mary	2.00 %	Nov 2024	250,000	250,000
The Congregation of the Sisters of Charity of the Incarnate Word	2.00%	July 2024	250,000	-
The David and Lucile Packard Foundation- PPP	0.00% - 0.50%	July 2022	-	3,000,000
The Grove Foundation	2.00 %	Sept 2024	500,000	500,000
The Schmidt Family Foundation-PPP	0.00% - 0.50%	July 2022	-	2,000,000



NOTE 9: NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

	Interest Rate	<u>Maturity</u>	2021	2020
The Sustainability Group of Loring, Wolcott & Coolidge	2.50%	Various	100,000	-
Tiedemann Advisors	2.00%	Various	640,000	-
Trillium Asset Management	2.00% - 2.50%	Various	1,415,000	1,200,000
Trinity Health Corporation	2.50 %	Mar 2023	1,500,000	1,500,000
Umpqua Bank	2.00 %	Various	1,450,000	1,000,000
Union Bank	3.00 %	April 2024	1,000,000	1,000,000
US Department of Agriculture, CF Relending	2.38 %	Dec 2056	13,730,257	11,995,660
US Department of Agriculture, IRP 1	1.00 %	Aug 2021	-	78,666
US Department of Agriculture, IRP 2	1.00 %	Mar 2025	331,064	411,845
US Department of Agriculture, IRP 3	1.00 %	Sept 2038	521,993	521,993
US Department of Agriculture, IRP 4-A	1.00 %	Aug 2039	521,993	548,347
US Department of Agriculture, IRP 4-B	1.00 %	Dec 2039	182,780	191,478
US Department of Agriculture, IRP 5	1.00 %	Sept 2041	574,441	600,275
US Department of Agriculture, IRP 6	1.00 %	Jan 2044	347,296	360,669
US Department of Agriculture, IRP 7	1.00 %	Nov 2044	901,673	934,775
US Department of Agriculture, IRP 8	1.00 %	Sept 2047	483,775	500,000
US Department of Agriculture, IRP 9	1.00 %	Sept 2048	1,000,000	1,000,000
US Department of Agriculture, IRP 10	1.00 %	Oct 2049	632,898	632,902
US Department of Treasury, CDFI Fund	1.95 %	June 2028	558,864	558,861
W.K. Kellogg Foundation	1.00 %	June 2027	1,000,000	1,000,000
Wells Fargo Bank	2.00 %	June 2026	2,000,000	2,000,000
Wells Fargo Bank-COIN	0.00 %	Aug 2027	1,000,000	1,000,000
Woodcock Foundation	2.00 %	Sept 2028	250,000	250,000
Zion Bancorporation, N.A.	2.00 %	Jan 2031	750,000	
Total notes payable			122,398,766	95,914,962
Less: amounts payable within one year			(8,016,832)	(9,450,859)
Notes payable, net current portion			\$ <u>114,381,934</u>	\$ 86,464,103
Weighted average maturity (monthly)			<u>106</u>	<u>115</u>
Weighted average interest rate			1.84%	<u>1.59%</u>



NOTE 9: NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

Payments for the consolidated debt for the succeeding five years and thereafter are as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	
2022	\$ 8,016,832
2023	25,813,164
2024	15,446,658
2025	9,882,133
2026	17,617,538
Thereafter	45,622,441
Total	\$ <u>122,398,766</u>

RCAC has a line of credit agreement with Zions Bancorporation, N.A. dba California Bank and Trust. The line of credit has a limit of \$1,500,000. Under no circumstances will the interest rate per annum on the loan evidenced by this Note be less than 3.500% nor more than the maximum rate allowed by applicable law at September 30, 2020 and 2020. The line of credit expires (or renews) on April 30, 2022. During the years ending September 30, 2021 and 2020, no funds were borrowed on this line of credit.

Loan Covenants:

Many of the above notes payable contain loan covenants that require RCAC to maintain specific financial ratios, achieve certain performance levels, or maintain certain management controls. RCAC is not aware of any violations of loan covenants as of September 30, 2021 and 2020.

Payroll Protection Program:

On May 6, 2020, RCAC received \$2,400,000 in funds from the CARES Act's Payroll Protection Program (PPP Loan). The Small Business Administration has issued guidelines for the potential forgiveness of this loan. Expenses under the PPP award can be incurred until the term expires on October 21, 2020. Until forgiven, this loan will be repayable in 18 payments of \$133,333 with a stated interest rate of 1% beginning September 2021. Management believes it has substantially met the conditions of the funding because RCAC has incurred qualifying expenses and will seek forgiveness of the loan.

Management has applied for forgiveness of the PPP loan. As of September 30, 2021, management has not received a final acknowledge of forgiveness. Management has calculated that a portion of the loan could be forgiven. If this is the case, RCAC will be required to repay \$1,661,278 plus accrued interest. Management has recorded \$738,346 as the portion due within the following year and \$922,932 as long-term debt.



NOTE 10: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

RCAC offers post-employment medical insurance benefits with an option for eligible former employees to continue medical coverage for a limited period after employment. If the medical insurance carrier allows the continued coverage, RCAC will contribute to the cost of the coverage. The Plan benefits were frozen in 2008. Eligible participants may opt to receive cash in-lieu of this benefit.

The plan is unfunded. A liability of \$109,543 and \$109,543 as of September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, is included on the consolidated balance sheets in other long-term liabilities.

NOTE 11: RETIREMENT AND DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

RCAC maintains a tax-deferred annuity plan qualified under section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). All employees may make voluntary pre-tax contributions to the plan, up to the maximum amount allowed by the Internal Revenue Service. Under the plan, RCAC may also contribute to the account of eligible participants. Employees become eligible for RCAC contributions after six months of full-time employment. The RCAC employer contribution was 4% and 4%, based on qualified employee gross salaries for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The retirement plan expense recognized by RCAC (as a component of fringe benefits) for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 was \$464,721 and \$425,146, respectively.

In addition to the 403(b) plan, RCAC offers an IRC Section 457(b) deferred compensation plan. The Plan allows management employees to voluntarily defer compensation to the extent allowed by law. No other contributions are made to the 457(b) plan. The 457(b) plan assets as of September 30, 2021 and 2020 were \$295,094 and \$252,221, respectively. The asset is included in other non-current assets on the consolidated balance sheets and the corresponding liability is included in other long-term liabilities.

NOTE 12: BONDS PAYABLE

On June 3, 2004, RCAC obtained financing for RCAC's headquarters building in West Sacramento, California via the issuance of \$2,830,000 variable rate demand revenue bonds by the California Infrastructure and Economic Development bank, an entity within the Business, Transportation, and Housing Agency of the State of California. The bonds mature on June 1, 2029.

On June 2, 2014 RCAC initiated a partial redemption of the bonds in the amount of \$800,000. On July 16, 2014, an alternate letter of credit, with an annual fee of 1.45%, was issued in the amount of \$2,060,033 by Union Bank of California. On December 1, 2020, a principal payment was made in the amount of \$730,000. The letter of credit is secured by a first lien position on the aforementioned headquarters building and expires on June 1, 2029.

Interest on the bonds is exempt from California State and Federal income taxes and is not subject to alternative minimum tax. The interest rate is determined weekly.



NOTE 12: BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

RCAC capitalized bond issuance cost of \$96,462, and Union Bank of California letter of credit issuance cost of \$69,347. Bond issuance costs are amortized over the 25 year life of the bond and the letter of credit issuance cost is amortized over a 15 year life. The unamortized balances of both are listed below. The short-term portion of these unamortized costs are included on the consolidated balance sheets within receivables, prepaid, and deposits, and the non-current portion is included within other non-current assets as of September 30, 2021 and 2020.

Bond related assets and liabilities consisted of the following at September 30:

	2021	2020
Bond related assets		
Bank balance in bond sinking fund Unamortized bond issuance costs Unamortized letter of credit origination Land, building, improvements, net	\$ 121,968 29,614 36,022 1,739,992	35,080
Total bond related assets	\$ <u>1,927,596</u>	\$ <u>2,832,610</u>
Bond related liabilities		
Bonds payable	\$ <u>1,300,000</u>	\$ <u>2,030,000</u>
Bond related expenses consisted of the following at September 30:		
	2021	2020
Amortization of bond and letter of credit costs Letter of credit fees Interest expense Trustee and administration fees	\$ 8,482 30,368 1,495 6,358	\$ 8,482 30,285 19,055 10,005
Total bond expenses	\$ <u>46,703</u>	\$ <u>67,827</u>
Interest rate range, rate determined weekly	0.08% - 0.17%	0.12% - 6.79%
Weighted average annualized interest rate	0.12%	<u>0.94%</u>
Weighted average bond annualized expense rate	<u>3.59%</u>	<u>3.34%</u>



NOTE 12: BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

The bonds are subject to early redemption on any business day at the discretion of RCAC. A bond sinking fund deposit account has been established at Union Bank of California. Per the agreement, the following are the annual sinking fund payments:

Year Ended September 30,		
2022	\$	136,251
2023		141,252
2024		146,247
2025		151,251
2026		156,252
Thereafter	_	326,247
Total	\$_	1,057,500

NOTE 13: NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS

RCAC receives support for its operations that include donor-imposed restrictions. The restrictions may be time restricted (the donation cannot be used until a later date), purpose restricted (the donation may only be used for a specific activity), or both time and purpose restricted. The donor imposed restrictions will expire when (a) the donor imposed time limitation has elapsed, or (b) the donor stipulated purpose for which the donation was restricted has been fulfilled by RCAC.

The balances of net assets with donor restrictions reflect that support already recorded as revenue, but for which donor-imposed restrictions still apply. The balances of net assets with donor restrictions at September 30, are as follows:

	_	2021	_	2020
Lending capital - subject to the passage of time				
Banner Bank	\$	445,700	\$	-
California Endowment (Sinking Fund - accumulated earnings)		3,364,348		3,065,164
California State Water Resources Control Board		71,246		73,932
City of Flagstaff		269,146		269,146
Ford Foundation		150,000		150,000
Relief funds		41,200		164,200
State of Idaho		172,761		173,732
USDA Rural Development		159,247		13,148
USDA Rural Utility Service		56,219		90,000
U.S. Treasury, Capital Magnet Fund		8,498,761		5,869,280
U.S. Treasury, CDFI Fund		2,540,265		1,720,905
Wells Fargo Foundation	_	778,345	_	
Total net assets with donor restrictions-lending capital	_	<u>16,547,238</u>	_	<u>11,589,507</u>



NOTE 13: NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS (Continued)

	_	2021		2020
Other - subject to expenditure for specified purpose supports various environmental and housing programs				
Ally Bank	\$	20,000	\$	17,613
American Express		130		39,960
Bank of America		237,495		389,788
Banner Bank		55,851		-
California Community Foundation		40,713		30,970
California Endowment (Tall Trees)		640,000		640,000
California Endowment		808,586		447,251
California State Water Resources Control Board		301,905		351,474
California Wellness Foundation		237,170		-
Capital One Service		18,490		37,809
Charles Schwab Bank		22,468		-
CIT Bank		20,000		-
COBANK		50,000		-
FAHE Strength in Numbers		135,966		223,676
Ford Foundation		726,892		764,742
Jennifer P Speers		648		11,067
Joe Serna Jr Farmworker Housing Loan Servicing Fund		1,240,888		1,015,220
Kauffman Foundation		125,000		-
Lift to Rise		75,000		4 454 007
Mary Reynolds Babcok Foundation		567,707		1,154,637
MacKenzie Scott		15,000,000		-
Morgan Stanley Bank, NA		97,802		122,013
Opportunity Finance Network		100,000		-
PNC Bank		211		12,038
Pacific Western Bank		12,597		19,419
Rabo Bank		2,843		18,374
RCAP, Inc.		245,000		- 07 506
USDA Rural Development		9,974		87,506
USDA Rural Utility Service U.S. Bank		- 02 072		110,000
U.S. Treasury, Capital Magnet Fund		83,873 369,257		70,246
Union Bank		47.842		380,720
W K Kellogg Foundation		275,941		- 214,799
Water Foundation		18,341		•
Water Foundation Wells Fargo Foundation		,		26,311 546,722
Yocha Dehe Wintun Nation		1,703,675 75,853		•
Other various donors		104,547		230,057 124,545
Other various donors	_	104,547	_	124,040
Total other - subject to expenditure for specified purpose				
supports various environmental and housing programs		23,472,665		7,086,957
Supports various criviloriniental and nousing programs	_	20,712,000	_	1,000,001
Total net assets with donor restrictions	\$	40,019,903	\$	18,676,464
rotal het assets with donor restrictions	Ψ_	10,010,000	Ψ_	10,070,404



NOTE 14: CONCENTRATION OF REVENUE SOURCES

During the fiscal years ended September 30, 2021, and 2020, RCAC's operations and program activities were funded by the following sources of revenue:

		2021	 2020
Revenue with donor restrictions			
Ally Bank	\$	20,000	\$ -
Banner Bank		500,000	-
CA Household Waterwells		(44,890)	(156,558)
California Bank and Trust		10,000	-
California Community Foundation		111,780	108,220
Capital One		-	25,000
Capital Magnet Fund		2,900,000	3,750,000
Charles SCHWAB		50,000	20,000
CIT Bank		20,000	-
CO Bank		50,000	-
Community Facilities Relending Program		(87,511)	-
Dignity Health		5,000	-
Environmental Defense Fund		47,000	-
Environmental Revolving Investment Fund		245,000	-
FAHE		-	247,500
Idaho Septic System Grant, State of Idaho		5,646	(46,916)
Investment income with donor restrictions		228,181	229,717
JP Morgan Chase Foundation		25,000	25,000
Kauffmann Foundation		125,000	-
Lift to Rise		75,000	-
Loan interest income with donor restrictions		1,297,107	1,289,778
Morgan Stanley Bank		100,000	100,000
National Philanthropic Trust	2	20,000,000	-
Opportunity Finance Network		100,000	-
Pacific Western Bank		10,000	15,000
Rose Foundation		-	46,500
Santa Fe Community Foundation		-	5,000
The Bank of America Corporation		65,000	250,000
The California Endowment		400,000	-
The California Wellness Foundation		250,000	-
The Oregon Community Foundation		-	50,000
U.S. Bankcorp Foundation		50,000	55,000
U.S. Treasury, CDFI Fund		1,826,265	714,000
Umpqua Bank Charitable Foundation		-	30,000
Union Bank		50,000	-
Uplift America Fund		-	87,102
USDA Rural Utilities Service		124,785	328,566
W.K. Kellogg Foundation		131,869	382,573
Wells Fargo Foundation		2,525,000	700,000
Yocha Dehe Winrun Nation		-	250,000
All others		78,009	 113,701
Total revenue with donor restrictions	\$ <u>3</u>	31,293,241	\$ 8,619,183



NOTE 14: CONCENTRATION OF REVENUE SOURCES (Continued)

	_	2021		2020
Grants & contracts without donor restrictions				
New Mexico Environmental Depart. Drinking Water Bureau	\$	34,585	\$	59,836
San Diego County Water Authority		15,242		1,148,481
State Water Resources Control Board		1,884,311		827,142
U.S. Department of Agriculture		4,625,419		4,564,044
U.S. Department of Commerce		209,005		246,211
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services		1,499,212		1,328,483
U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development U.S. Department of Labor		2,478,737		2,094,093 207,691
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency		3,592,736		3,619,085
Yuba County Water Agency		182,925		73,621
All others		866,151		1,544,536
7 III Othoro	_	000,101		1,044,000
Total grants & contracts without donor restrictions	\$_	15,388,323	\$_	15,713,223
Lending income without donor restrictions:				
Loan interest income	\$	4,058,293	\$	3,465,631
Loan fees	•	1,694,885	•	1,590,881
Total lending income without donor restrictions:	-	5,753,178	_	5,056,512
3	-	-,,	_	
Other revenue sources				
Investment income without donor restrictions		19,343		45,708
(Paid too)/Revenue from partnership		(81,281)		135,878
Premium/(discount) on sale of loans		-		122,874
Other and rental income	-	<u> 146,171</u>	_	113,760
Total other revenue sources	_	84,233	_	418,220
Total revenue with and without donor restrictions	\$_	52,518,975	\$_	29,807,138

Grants and contracts without donor restrictions - U.S. Government departments and agency amounts include grants and contracts in which RCAC was either the primary recipient or a sub-recipient of the funding.



NOTE 15: CONCENTRATIONS OF RISK

Credit Risk

RCAC maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. RCAC has not experienced any losses in such accounts. RCAC believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

RCAC grants credit to its clients and partners, substantially all of whom are non-profit organizations, tribal communities, small business or governmental agencies. Management believes that its loan underwriting, billing, and collection policies are adequate to minimize potential credit risk.

Contingencies:

As COVID-19 continues to spreads globally, local, U.S., and world governments have encouraged self-isolation to curtail the spread of the global pandemic, by mandating temporary work stoppage in various sectors, limiting travel, size and duration of group meetings. Most industries will be experiencing disruptions to their business and philanthropic operations. There is unprecedented uncertainty surrounding the duration of the pandemic, its potential economic ramifications, and any government actions to mitigate them. While management cannot quantify the financial and other impact to RCAC as of the date of the Independent Auditor's Report, management believes that a material impact on RCAC's financial position and results of future changes in net assets is reasonably possible.

NOTE 16: GRANT AND OTHER LIENS

RCAC has provided grants to other non-profit organizations. The conditions of these grants require the recipient organization to maintain services to a targeted population for a period of time or requires that ownership of real estate is continued by specific parties. When possible, RCAC secures performance via a grant lien on real estate. The liens enable RCAC to recover the amount of the grant if the use of the real estate is altered or ownership is transferred. RCAC expects the grant recipients to perform per the conditions of the grant and therefore RCAC does not carry a value for these liens on its consolidated balance sheets. The grants were expensed when the grants were awarded. The amounts of outstanding grant liens as of September 30 are:

	2021			2020		
	Number of Grant Liens	_	Amount	Number of Grant Liens		Amount
Health related facilities grants expiring in 2027 to 2030 Affordable housing grants expiring in	7	\$	721,991	7	\$	721,991
2030 to 2031	<u>2</u>	_	193,739	Ξ		
Total grants and other liens	<u>9</u>	\$_	915,730	<u>7</u>	\$	721,991



NOTE 16: GRANT AND OTHER LIENS (Continued)

Other Liens

UCC filings have been placed by certain investors and development lenders that give them rights to assets.

NOTE 17: OTHER LOAN SERVICING COMMITMENTS

RCAC makes long-term loans for which the borrower obtains a USDA Rural Development guarantee for a portion of the loan. The guarantee is typically for 80% or 90% of the total loan amount. Under the conditions of the guarantee, RCAC is required to retain 5% of the loan, and is allowed to sell up to 95%. RCAC typically sells the guaranteed portion of these loans, but retains the servicing (for a fee) of the entire loan and management of the guarantee requirements. The portion of the loan retained by RCAC is included on the consolidated balance sheet under loans receivable. The portion of the loan sold, but with servicing commitment retained, is not carried on the RCAC consolidated balance sheet.

RCAC loan servicing provided to other lenders consisted of the following at September 30:

	2021		2	020
	Number of Loans or Grants	Amount	Number of Loans or Grants	Amount
Loans sold to other lenders with servicing retained, USDA guaranteed loans Loan servicing provided for loans and grants made by the California	49	\$ 31,891,199	54	\$ 35,930,395
Department of Housing and Community Development Other loans serviced by RCAC	2 <u>8</u>	1,050,000 <u>5,213,675</u>	8 <u>15</u>	12,463,812 12,352,458
Total loan servicing provided to other lenders	<u>59</u>	\$ <u>38,154,874</u>	<u>77</u>	\$ <u>60,746,665</u>

NOTE 18: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Off-Balance-Sheet Risk: To meet the financing needs of borrowers, RCAC is party to certain financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk. These financial instruments include financial guarantees, conditional commitments to lend more on existing loans (undisbursed portion of existing loans) and conditional commitments to make new loans. These arrangements involve elements of credit risks. RCAC uses the same credit policies in making guarantees and conditional commitments as it does for onbalance-sheet obligations.



NOTE 18: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

The composition of financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk, as of September 30 are:

	2021	2020
Undisbursed portion of existing loans Conditional commitments to make new loans	\$ 21,294,447 19,402,170	\$ 33,887,717 18,793,492
Total	\$ <u>40,696,617</u>	\$ <u>52,681,209</u>

Water System Operation and Maintenance: In fiscal year 2014, RCAC obtained State of California Proposition 84 funding (The Safe Drinking Water, Water Quality and Supply, Flood Control, River and Coastal Protection Bond Act) for water infrastructure projects in California. RCAC was awarded three grants totaling \$5.4 million and plans to sub-grant \$4.7 million of that amount to local water entities. Ten sub-grants were awarded as of September 30, 2018. The conditions of the grants to RCAC require RCAC to operate and maintain the infrastructure created with grant funds, for the reasonable useful life of such infrastructure, if the sub-grantees fail to do so. RCAC will require all sub-grantees to operate and maintain the related infrastructure, but acknowledges that RCAC has an obligation, if the sub-grantee fails to do so. RCAC believes that all sub-grantees will operate and maintain these projects and therefore, does not recognize a liability to do the same.

Operating Leases: RCAC rents office spaces under operating leases expiring at various dates through 2023. Rent expense under these operating leases amounted to \$146,631 and \$145,442 for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The minimum future lease payments over the next five years are as follows:

Year ending September 30:	
2022	\$ 53,405
2023	 19,184
Total payments	\$ 72,589

Unrecognized Revenue and Guarantees:

Kunia Village Development Project, HI

According to the Development Services agreement dated February 1, 2016, RCAC is contracted to receive \$1,400,000 for development services provided to the Kunia Village Housing Partners, LLC through RQLLC, RCAC's wholly owned subsidiary.

The developer fee is scheduled to be distributed out of operations and not from the Limited Partner pay-in. Since RQLLC's developer fee earnings are tied to rental operations and operating results, revenue will be recognized as payments are received for the project.

The balance of the developer fee will be distributed annually between 2021 and 2036 equally between Kunia Village Development Corporation (KVDC) and RQLLC. In 2021, \$64,938 was received toward Developer fees.



NOTE 18: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

Courtyard Apartments, MT.

RCAC is the sole member of Rural Integrity, LLC (RILLC) which is the co-general partner, along with Recapitalization Montana, LLC in Courtyard Associates, A Montana Limited Partnership (CALP). On May 21, 2018 CALP acquired the Courtyard Apartments, a 32 unit rental housing project in Kalispell Montana. CALP entered into a Development Services agreement dated May 1, 2018 with RCAC and Recapitalization Montana, LLC to jointly serve as developer for the rehabilitation of Courtyard Apartments. The joint developers are contracted to receive a developer fee of \$472,000 for development services provided to CALP.

The Joint Development Agreement dated July 28, 2019 between RCAC and Recapitalization Montana, LLC provides that RCAC receive 54% of the developer fee and Recapitalization Montana, LLC receives 46%. RCAC has received \$246,663 in developer fees from CALP. Of this amount, \$36,836 was recognized as guaranteed fee for guaranteeing the construction loan. The final \$8,217 of developer fee was deferred and will be paid from operations of the Courtyard Apartments.

RCAC, RILLC and Recapitalization Montana together have entered into guarantees to and for the benefit of the CALP Investor Limited Partner, Community Affordable Housing Fund, LLC, all in accordance with the CALP Limited Partnership Agreement dated May 1, 2018:

- Payment of operating deficits up to an aggregated amount of \$175,000. Any such payment shall be structured as a loan.
- Repayment of capital contributions in proportion to any deficiencies in Low Income Housing Tax Credits
- Repurchase of the interest of the Investment Limited Partner under certain extreme extreme circumstances.

RILLC and Reapitalization Montana have made Operating Deficit loans of \$80,000 each in 2021 in accordance with the guarantee mentioned above. These loans bear interest at 4% per annum and shall be repayable from Cash Flow or Net Proceeds as provided in the CALP Limited Partner Agreement. The Partnership is pursuing damages from Contractor and sub-Contractor.

Meadowlark Vista Apartments, MT.

RCAC provides a joint and several guaranty of all obligations in the partnership agreement. This includes the obligation to complete construction. The current construction contract amount is \$3,875,551 and the amount remaining to be paid is \$44,700 as of November 22, 2021. In addition, guarantees coverage of operating deficits up to a maximum of \$78,000. The operating deficit guarantee terminates after five years provided the last two consecutive years meet the minimum Debt Service Coverage.

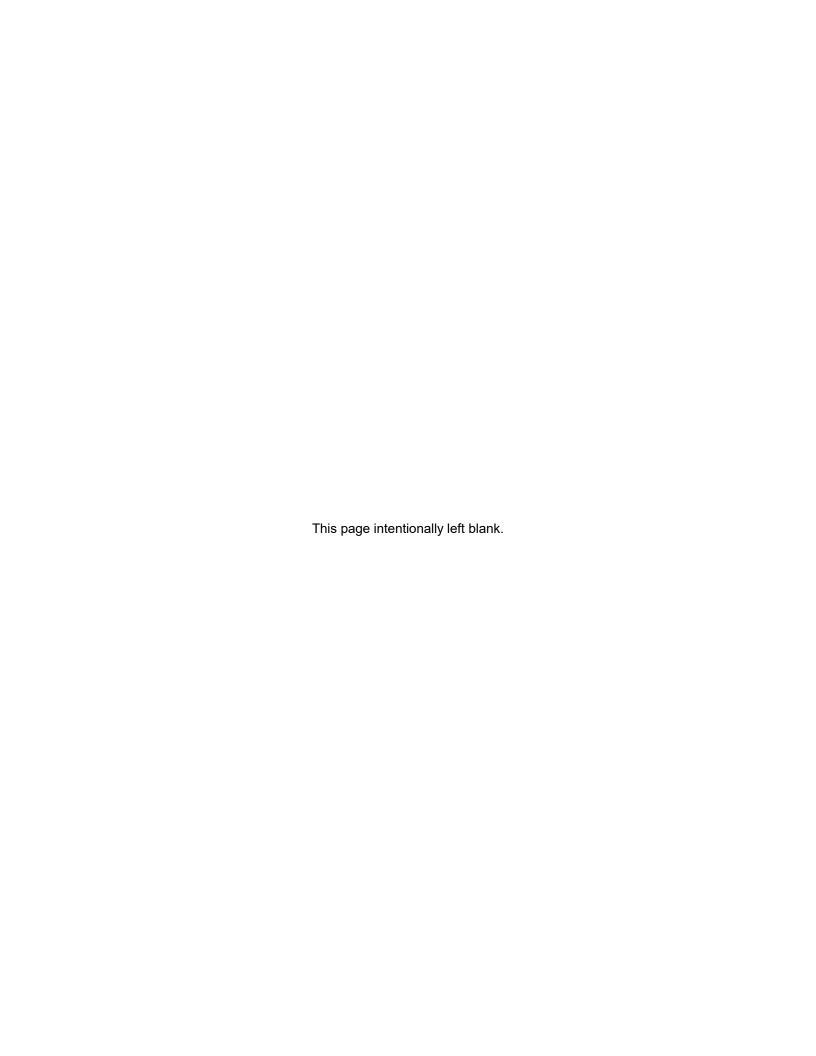
At construction closing, RCAC provided a \$295,000 guarantee of future HOME funds to the MLV, LLLP. These funds will be returned to RCAC upon MLV, LLLP receiving a signed contract for HOME funds. The request for HOME was successful and funds were awarded to the project in November 2020.



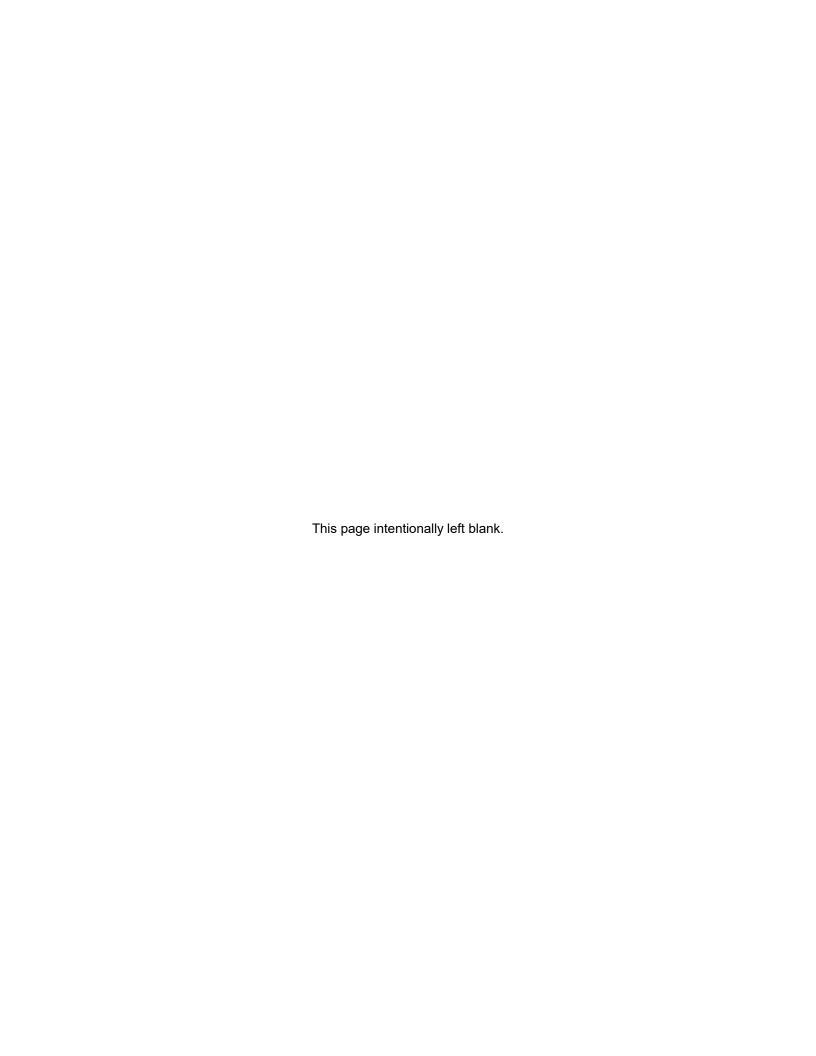
NOTE 18: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

Wingate Village Townhomes, UT.

RCAC and Housing Authority of Southeastern Utah (HASU) each provides a joint and several guaranty of all obligations in the partnership agreement. This includes the obligation to complete the development. In addition, RCAC guarantees coverage of operating deficit up to a maximum of \$87,080. This operating deficit guarantee terminates after five years provided the last two consecutive years meet the minimum debt service coverage.









RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE CORPORATION 15-YEAR HISTORY OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND NET ASSET CHANGES WITH AND WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTIONS AND YEAR-END BALANCES FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007, THROUGH 2021

	Without Donor Restrictions			With	Donor Restrict	ions		Yea	Year End Net Assets		
Year Ending September 30,	Revenue & Gains before Restrictions	Net Assets Released	Expenses	Net Change	Revenue	(Released)	Net Change	Total Net Assets Net Change	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
2007	\$ 12,438,118	\$ 1,623,724	\$13,639,130	\$ 422,712	\$ 1,232,826	\$ (1,623,724)	\$ (390,898)	\$ 31,814	\$ 14,929,624	\$ 3,399,901	\$18,329,525
2008	11,862,967	1,634,368	13,263,401	233,934	1,408,413	(1,634,368)	(225,955)	7,979	15,163,558	3,173,946	18,337,504
2009	12,480,384	1,304,915	13,748,543	36,756	2,827,489	(1,304,915)	1,522,574	1,559,330	15,200,314	4,696,520	19,896,834
2010	14,408,810	2,033,080	16,361,043	80,847	1,252,318	(2,033,080)	(780,762)	(699,915)	15,281,161	3,915,758	19,196,919
2011	13,507,015	526,197	13,829,452	203,760	4,122,600	(526,197)	3,596,403	3,800,163	15,484,921	7,512,121	22,997,042
2012 2013 2014 2015 2016	13,033,296 14,097,517 11,842,021 12,485,248 14,304,912	1,930,168 627,199 3,118,779 4,463,833 6,425,665	13,169,787 14,074,267 13,348,370 14,231,690 16,110,145	1,793,677 650,449 1,612,430 2,717,391 4,620,432	1,075,602 4,118,651 3,601,869 5,465,959 2,478,091	(1,930,168) (627,199) (3,118,779) (4,463,833) (6,425,665)	(854,566) 3,491,452 483,090 1,002,126 (3,947,574)	939,111 4,141,901 2,095,520 3,719,517 672,858	17,278,598 17,929,047 19,541,477 22,258,868 26,879,300	6,657,555 10,149,007 10,632,098 11,634,224 7,686,651	23,936,153 28,078,054 30,173,575 33,893,092 34,565,951
2017 2018 2019 2020 2021	14,735,219 17,344,106 20,802,021 21,187,955 21,225,734	3,138,011 2,332,164 2,173,554 4,722,386 9,949,802	16,612,853 18,744,774 22,018,171 23,120,849 23,789,909	1,260,377 931,496 957,404 2,789,492 7,385,627	4,295,062 7,014,300 3,427,383 8,619,183 31,293,241	(3,138,011) (2,332,164) (2,173,554) (4,722,386) (9,949,802)	1,157,051 4,682,136 1,253,829 3,896,797 21,343,439	2,417,428 5,613,632 2,211,233 6,686,289 28,729,066	28,139,677 29,071,173 30,028,577 32,818,069 40,203,696	8,843,702 13,525,838 14,779,667 18,676,464 40,019,903	36,983,379 42,597,011 44,808,244 51,494,533 80,223,599

Generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America require that contributions with donor-imposed restrictions be recognized as revenue by a nonprofit organization upon the transfer of assets, including promises to give. RCAC recognizes such contributions as with donor restricted revenue and maintains with donor restricted net assets until the restrictions on the contribution are met.

Revenue is recognized in the year of receipt of the asset. Expenses incurred to meet the donor imposed restrictions may occur in the same or in a subsequent fiscal year. Donor restricted net assets are released from restrictions upon appropriate use of the funds or upon expiration of the restriction period.



RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Grantor:	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures	Pass-throughs
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Rural Housing Service Self-Help Housing 20	12-31ME- 18-C-0005	\$ 1,588,114	\$ -
Rural Housing Service Self-Help Housing 21	12-31ME- 18-C-0005	965,830	-
Rural Utilities Service Technical Assistance & Training Project 20 (pass-through from RCAP)	10.761	81,662	-
Rural Utilities Service Technical Assistance & Training Project 21 (pass-through from RCAP)	10.761	1,183,786	22,000
Rural Utilities Service Technical Assistance & Training Project 22 (pass-through from RCAP)	10.761	49,677	-
Tribal Rural Utilities Service Technical Assistance & Training Project 21 (Pass-through from RCAP)	10.761	80,123	-
Tribal Rural Utilities Service Technical Assistance & Training Project 22 (pass-through from RCAP)	10.761	1,722	-
Colonias Rural Utilities Service Technical Assistance & Training Project 21 (pass-through from RCAP)	10.761	193,467	-
Community Facilities Funding Application TA (pass-through from RCAP)	10.890	28,954	-
Community Facilities TA to Disaster Relief Recipients (pass- through from RCAP)	10.766	23,617	-
Rural Community Development Initiative 18 Rural Community Development Initiative 19 Rural Community Development Initiative 20 Solid Waste Management 21 Rural Development Cooperative Agreement (pass-through	10.446 10.446 10.446 10.762 10.890	107,387 106,450 30,171 154,500 6,888	15,000 - - - -
from RCAP) Rural Development Cooperative Agreement (pass-through from Housing Assistance Council)	10.890	15,450	-
Rural Utilities Service, Household Water Wells	10.862	7,619	<u> </u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		4,625,417	37,000
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Community Services Block Grant 20 (pass-through from State of California) (Contract # 20F-3303)	93.569	45,772	9,000
Community Services Block Grant 21 (pass-through from State of California) (Contract # 21F-4303)	93.569	134,430	6,881
Community Services Block Grant funding for COVID related work in CA) (pass-through from State of CA) (Contract #20F-3942)	93.569	89,850	10,000
Rural Community Facilities Development 20 Rural Community Facilities Development 21	93.570 93.570	81,101 <u>1,148,059</u>	<u>-</u>
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		1,499,212	25,881

See notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards



RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Grantor:	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures	Pass-throughs
U.S. Department of Commerce			
Minority Business Resource Development	11.802	209,005	64,591
Total U.S. Department of Commerce		209,005	64,591
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			
National Priority Area 1 Training & TA for Small Drinking Water Systems	66.424	212,231	-
National Priority Area 1 Training & TA for Small Drinking Water Systems	66.424	391,412	-
National Priority Area 2 Training & TA for Small Drinking Water Systems	66.424	163,409	-
National Priority Area 3 Improving Water Quality through Training and TA	66.424	12,171	-
National Priority Area 3 Improving Water Quality through Training and TA	66.424	100,661	-
National Priority Area 4 Training & TA for Small Drinking Water Systems	66.424	101,356	-
National Priority Area 4 Training & TA for Small Drinking Water Systems	66.424	61,941	-
EFC to provide multimedia environmental finance expertise and outreach to regulate communities to help them meet environmental requirements	66.203	233,465	-
Water Boards Leadership Institute Training for the Yurok Tribe State of Institution of Higher Learning	66.604 66.436	20,593 24,333	-
Onsite technical assistance to improve cyber incident preparation, response and recover at water and wastewater	66.468	144,376	-
systems (pass-through from Horsley Witten Group, LLC) Public water system supervision & training region 9 (pass-	00.400	144,570	-
through from Horsley Witten Group, LLC.) Public water system supervision & training region 9 (pass-	66.468	30,000	-
through from Horsley Witten Group, LLC.) Public water system supervision & training region 9 (pass-	66.468	720,326	-
through from Horsley Witten Group, LLC.) Waste water sanitary surveys for designated tribal wastewater	66.468	39,377	-
systems Indian health services blanket purchase order for various	66.468	17,815	-
training	66.468	8,732	-
Water quality control drinking water TA in Colorado Capacity development assistance Y2 (pass-through from State	66.468	1,507	-
of California Dept of Water Board)	66.468	13,673	-
Capacity development assistance Y3 (pass-through from State of California Dept of Water Board)	66.468	748,468	-
CDPHE Public water system training grants program	66.468	14,600	-

See notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards



RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Grantor:	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures	Pass-throughs
CDPHE Public water system training grants program	66.468	638	-
Department of Conservation and Natural Resources a division of Environmental Protection	66.468	164,657	-
Department of Conservation and Natural Resources a division of Environmental Protection	66.468	31,654	-
Capacity development assistance (pass-through from State of Hawaii Dept of Health)	66.468	205,131	-
Drinking water training and outreach 19 (pass-through from State of Washington)	66.468	130,212	
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency		3,592,738	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Housing Counseling Program 20	14.169	762,460	554,868
Housing Counseling Training 19	14.169	162,882	-
Housing Counseling Training 20	14.169	252,346	-
National Disaster Resilience Competition	14.272	326,072	12,548
Community Compass Technical Assistance 15	14.259	17,192	- -
Community Compass Technical Assistance 16 Tribal	14.259	40,084	-
Rural Capacity Building 16	14.265	209,040	78,950
Rural Capacity Building 17	14.265	291,446	64,769
Rural Capacity Building 18	14.265	328,365	58,330
Rural Capacity Building 20	14.265	38,219	<i>-</i>
Small business TA & relief coaching (pass-through from Rural Local Initiatives Support Corporation)	14.252	30,000	-
Provide counseling & education to assist farm workers in			
becoming homeowners (pass-through from Rural Local			
Initiatives Support Corporation)	14.252	20,631	
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		2,478,737	769,465
Total Federal Awards Expended		\$ <u>12,405,109</u>	\$ <u>896,937</u>



RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE CORPORATION NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SCOPE OF AUDIT PURSUANT TO THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

All federal grant operations of Rural Community Assistance Corporation (RCAC) are included in the scope of the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Compliance testing of all requirements under the Uniform Guidance were performed for RCAC. Rural Community Facilities Development and Rural Housing Service Self-Help Housing represent major federal award programs and other grants with fiscal 2021 cash and noncash expenditures in excess of \$750,000 to ensure coverage of at least 25% of federally granted funds. Actual coverage is approximately 37% of total cash and noncash federal award program expenditures.

NOTE 2: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) includes all Federal grants and contracts to RCAC that had activity during the year ended September 30, 2021. This schedule has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Grant and contract revenue is recorded for financial reporting purposes when RCAC has met the qualifications for the respective grants and contracts. Grants that have expired and procurement contracts that do not have an individual CFDA number, have been identified by contract number in the SEFA.

NOTE 3: RELATIONSHIP TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The amounts reported in the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards agree, in all material respects, to amounts reported within the consolidated financial statements. Federal award revenues are reported principally in RCAC's consolidated financial statements as grant revenue.

NOTE 4: AMOUNTS PROVIDED TO SUB-RECIPIENTS

Amounts provided to sub-recipients under Federal and non-federal award programs during the year ended September 30, 2021 were as follows:

HHS Community Services Block Grants	\$	25,881
USDA Technitrain		22,000
Rural Community Development Initiative		15,000
U.S. Department of Commerce		64,591
HUD National Disaster Resilience Competition		12,547
HUD Housing Counseling, Rural Capacity Building		5,747,918
Non-Federal Award Program Grants and Pass-through Awards		<u>(4,310,272</u>)
Total Occurs and Base through Assessed	Φ.	4 577 005
Total Grants and Pass-through Awards	\$	1,577,665



RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE CORPORATION NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 5: FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDED WITH COMMON CFDA NUMBER

When there is more than one program under a single CFDA number, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards totals all programs under the one CFDA number. Occasionally, however, this total could not be conveniently displayed because all programs under one CFDA number were not contiguous. When this occurred, this total is not shown in the Schedule, but instead, is provided below:

CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
10.446	\$ 244,008
10.761	1,590,437
10.890	51,293
12-31ME-18-C-0005	2,553,945
14.169	1,177,688
14.252	50,631
14.259	57,276
14.265	867,070
66.424	1,034,180
66.468	2,271,166
93.569	270,052
93.570	1,229,160

NOTE 6: PASS-THROUGH ENTITIES' IDENTIFYING NUMBER

When federal awards were received from a pass-through entity, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards shows, if available, the identifying number assigned by the pass-through entity. When no identifying number is shown, RCAC either determined that no identifying number is assigned for the program, or was simply unable to obtain an identifying number from the pass-through entity.

NOTE 7: INDIRECT COSTS

RCAC has a Negotiated Indirect Cost Rate Agreement (NICRA) with the U.S. Government. Accordingly, it has elected not to use the de minimis indirect cost rate of 10%.

NOTE 8: GRANTS TO LENDING CAPITAL

On April 5, 2019, RCAC received a \$714,000 award from the U.S. Treasury, Community Development Financial Institution (CDFI) for lending capital to be lent to qualified borrowers. As of September 30, 2021, \$564,000 was disbursed.

On August 26, 2021, RCAC received a \$1,826,265 award from the U.S. Treasury, Community Development Financial Institution (CDFI) for lending capital to be lent to qualified borrowers. As of September 30, 2021, none of these funds have yet to be disbursed.



RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE CORPORATION NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 8: GRANTS TO LENDING CAPITAL (Continued)

On June 27, 2019, RCAC received a \$3,562,500 award from the U.S. Treasury, Capital Magnet Fund (CMF) for lending capital to be lent to qualified borrowers. \$1,000,000 and \$984,736 were disbursed in FY20 and FY21 respectively.

On May 7, 2021, RCAC received a \$2,755,000 award from the U.S. Treasury, Capital Magnet Fund (CMF) for lending capital to be lent to qualified borrowers. As of September 30, 2021, none of these funds have yet to be disbursed.

On March 30, 2018, RCAC received a \$219,649 award from U.S. Department of Commerce Economic Development Administration (EDA) for lending capital for the Revolving Loan Fund to be lent to qualified borrowers. As of September 30, 2021, none of these funds have yet to be disbursed.

On September 17, 2019, RCAC received a \$202,500 award from USDA Rural Utilities Service (RUS) for lending capital for the Household Water Wells Program to be lent to qualified borrowers. \$100,580 and \$68,567 were disbursed in FY20 and FY21.

On September 4, 2021, RCAC received a \$900,000 award from USDA Rural Utilities Service (RUS) for lending capital for the Decentralized Water Systems Program to be lent to qualified borrowers. As of September 30, 2021, none of these funds have yet to be disbursed.

On September 1, 2020, RCAC received a \$333,000 award from USDA Rural Utilities Service (RUS) for lending capital to be lent to qualified borrowers. As of September 30, 2021, \$56,219 was disbursed.

On September 17, 2021, RCAC received a \$333,000 award from USDA Rural Utilities Service (RUS) for lending capital to be lent to qualified borrowers. As of September 30, 2021, none of these funds have been disbursed.

On October 28, 2019, RCAC received a \$1,000,000 award from USDA Intermediary Relending Program (IRP), 30 years, 1% interest rate, with a maturity date of September 2049 for lending capital to be lent to qualified borrowers. \$632,897 was disbursed in the year ending September 30, 2020. No funds were disbursed in the year ending September 30, 2021.

On November 28, 2020, RCAC received a \$1,000,000 award from USDA Intermediary Relending Program (IRP), 30 years, 1% interest rate, with a maturity date of September 2050 for lending capital to be lent to qualified borrowers. As of September 30, 2021, none of these funds have been disbursed.



RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARD PASS-THROUGH AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

·	CFDA	_	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	93.569		
Community Services Development Block Grant 19 Self-Help Enterprises Northern Circle Indian Housing Authority Town of Fort Jones		\$	15,881 5,000 5,000
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			25,881
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Technitrain National Demonstration Water Project 20 Self-Help Enterprises Rural Community Development Initiative Greater Raton Economic Development	10.761 10.446		22,000 15,000
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		_	37,000
U.S. Department of Labor	14.272		
Mother Lode Job Training National Council for Community Development			8,548 4,000
Total U.S. Department of Labor			12,548
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Rural Capacity Building Program: Blue Sky Center California Coalition for Rural Housing Cheyenne River Housing Authority Growraton/Greater Raton Econ Dev Corp Homestead Community Dev Corp Opportunity Link, Inc. Pueblo de Cochiti Housing Authority Pueblo Unido Community Dev Corp Rio Arriba County Samaritan Housing Inc. Snowy Mountain Development Corporation Village of Hatch	14.265		20,522 8,628 24,280 19,954 27,032 10,296 19,670 15,000 29,180 7,487 10,000 10,000
Total Rural Capacity Building Program:			202,049



RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARD PASS-THROUGH AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	CFDA	_
Housing Counseling 2019 ACCESS, Inc. Comité De Bien Estar Community Action Team Inc. Community in Action (CinA) Community Housing Council of Fresno	14.169	49,660 23,714 2,648 19,955 32,489
Hawaiian Community Assets, Inc. Home Fund (La Plata) Housing America Corporation Housing Solutions of Northern Arizona Inland Fair Housing & Mediation Board Lutheran Social Services of SoCal Nanakuli Housing Corporation National Affordable Housing Network Neighborhood Non-profit Housing Corporation Northern Circle Indian Housing Authority Santa Fe Community Housing Trust Ventura County Comm Development Corp Western Arizona Council of Governments		25,955 39,518 50,876 35,122 30,304 7,006 21,218 33,646 42,381 29,920 23,231 48,441 38,784
Total Housing Counseling 2019		<u>554,868</u>
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		756,917
Minority Business Development Agency	11.802	
Opportunity Link, Inc. Native American Development Corporation		50,000 <u>14,591</u>
Total Minority Business Development Agency		64,591
Total Federal Award Pass-through Expenditures		\$ <u>896,937</u>



RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE CORPORATION SCHEDULES OF INDIRECT COSTS BY EXPENDITURE TYPE FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021, AND 2020

Expenditures:		2021		2020	
Direct salaries	\$	2,141,234	\$	1,948,669	
Fringe benefits		991,066	·	847,446	
Consulting		547,027		319,950	
Consumable supplies		37,753		33,692	
Project specific expense - supplies		2,019		2,899	
Telephone		53,363		39,076	
Project specific expense - telephone		104		589	
Postage		3,049		3,728	
Project specific expense - postage		1,445		568	
Office space		109,592		106,861	
Equipment rental & maintenance		21,245		33,694	
Printing and copying		1,656		1,383	
Staff educational materials		100		2,336	
Other training costs		37,443		71,581	
Travel		(2,581)		73,762	
Depreciation		42,405		63,232	
Insurance		93,776		77,617	
Dues and subscriptions		29,237		22,112	
Conference registration/staff training		61,699		8,511	
Taxes,licenses and fees		8,824		6,651	
Recruitment	_	24,247	_	25,433	
Total indirect costs	\$_	4,204,703	\$_	3,689,790	

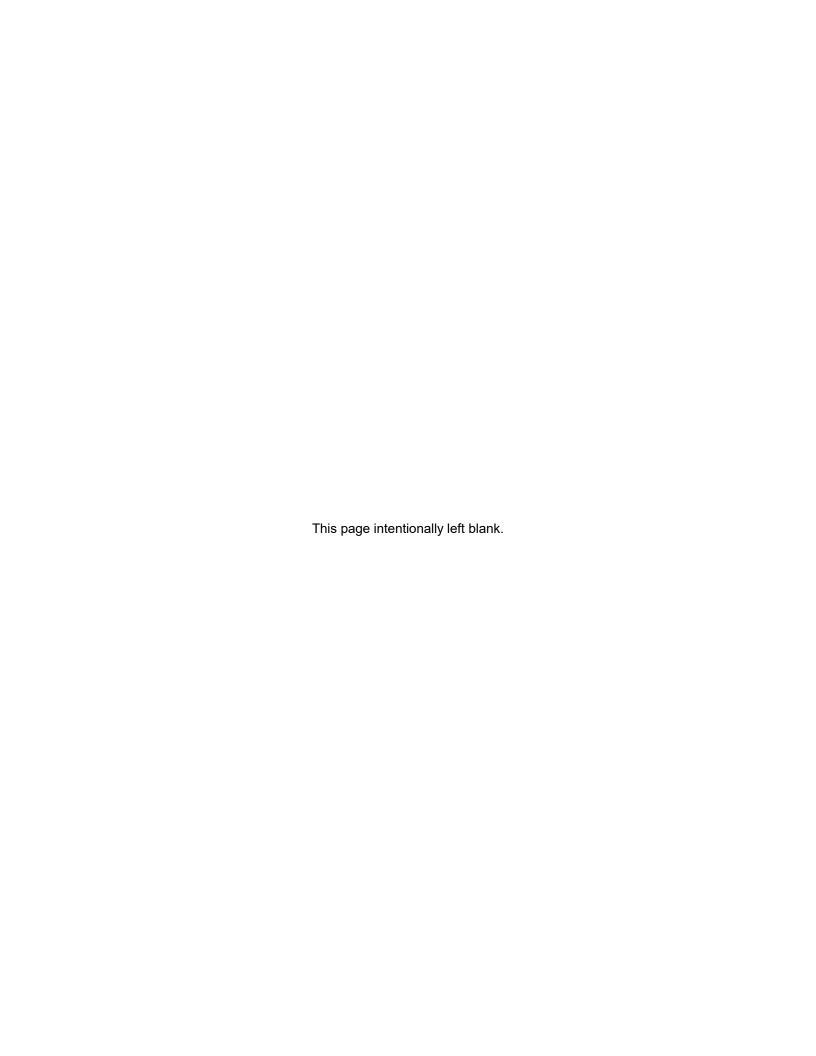


RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE CORPORATION SCHEDULES OF INDIRECT COST RATES FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021, AND 2020

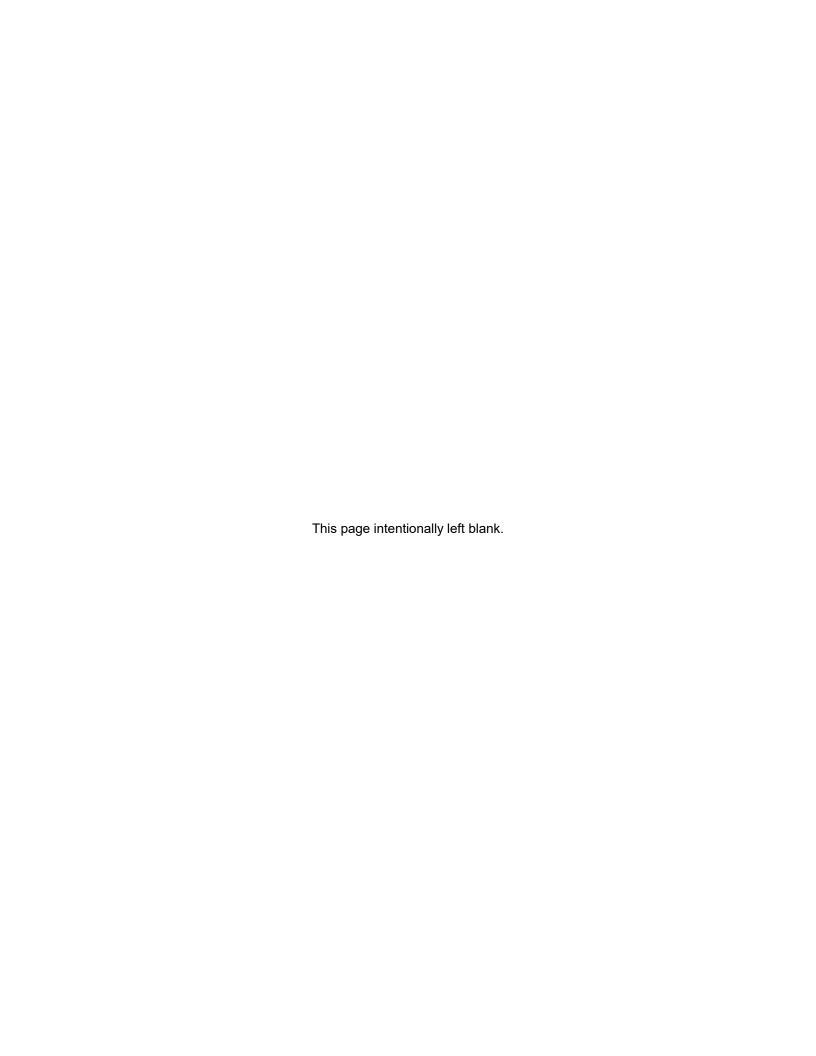
The indirect cost rate for the fiscal years ended September 30, is computed as follows:

	2021	2020
Total expenditures	\$ 23,789,909	\$ 23,120,849
Less: indirect costs	(4,204,703)	(3,689,790)
Total direct costs	19,585,206	19,431,059
Excluded items		
Contributions Capitalization of eligible development costs Consultants excluded from indirect Depreciation Bank service charge Interest on notes payable Grants excluded from indirect Scholarship Provision for bad debt Provision for loan loss Rental operations	9,120 (179,251) 195,703 64,605 40,166 1,809,470 454,230 53,166 - 1,375,000 114,354	45,499 - 20,683 38,035 1,408,832 1,471,968 124,366 219 1,200,000 139,374
Total excluded items	3,936,563	4,448,976
Total adjusted direct costs	\$ <u>15,648,643</u>	\$ <u>14,982,083</u>
Total indirect costs	\$ <u>4,204,703</u>	\$ 3,689,790
Indirect cost rate	26.87%	24.63%

Note: RCAC's Negotiated Indirect Cost Rate Agreement (NICRA) with the U.S. Government is a predetermined rate of 24.87% and 24.87% for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.









INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Rural Community Assistance Corporation West Sacramento, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the consolidated financial statements of Rural Community Assistance Corporation (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the consolidated financial statements, we considered Rural Community Assistance Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Rural Community Assistance Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Rural Community Assistance Corporation's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Rural Community Assistance Corporation's consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sacramento, California December 21, 2021

Mann, Urrutia, Nelson CPAS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors
Rural Community Assistance Corporation
West Sacramento, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Rural Community Assistance Corporation's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Rural Community Assistance Corporation's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2021. Rural Community Assistance Corporation's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Rural Community Assistance Corporation's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Rural Community Assistance Corporation's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Rural Community Assistance Corporation's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Rural Community Assistance Corporation's complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Rural Community Assistance Corporation is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Rural Community Assistance Corporation's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Rural Community Assistance Corporation's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sacramento, California December 21, 2021

Monn, Urratio, Nelson CPAS



RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

SECTION I: SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- in	an	CI2	l Stat	tam	ante

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

None Reported

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?

No

Noncompliance material to the consolidated financial statements noted?

No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

None Reported

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?

No

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 200.516 of the Uniform Guidance?

No

Identification of major programs:

CFDA	Name of Federal Program
14.265	USHUD Rural Capacity Building for Community
14.203	Development and Affordable Housing Grants
66.424	USEPA Surveys, Studies, Investigations,
00.424	Demonstrations, and Training Grants
66.468	USEPA Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State
00.400	Revolving Funds

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:

\$750,000

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee:

Yes

SECTION II: FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No current year findings.

SECTION III: FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No current year findings or questioned costs for federal awards as defined in section 200.516 of the Uniform Guidance.

SECTION IV: PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No prior year findings or questioned costs for federal awards as defined in section 200.516 of the Uniform Guidance.